

# CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIX. No. 41

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER, 5 1936

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

PANTRY SODAS, 2 lb. packets, salted or plain... 25c  
CERTO, per bottle... 29c  
STUFFED OLIVES, 11 oz. glass... 28c  
SHELLED WALNUTS—bright pieces, a  
Real Special, per lb... 30c  
JUICY, SWEET ORANGES, medium size, doz... 30c  
3 dozen... 85c  
FANCY MARSHMALLOWS—  
Fresh fruit flavors, 1-2 lb... 15c  
MUFFETS—A delicious whole wheat biscuit—  
A healthy breakfast cereal, pkg... 11c  
POSTS BRAN FLAKES—2 pkgs... 25c  
SOCKEYE SALMON—Real Fancy, 1-2 size cans... 20c  
BRUNSWICK SARDINES in oil or mustard, can... 5c  
3 Pounds No. 1 JAP RICE... 19c  
Ready Cut MACARONI—1 lb. quick cooking, pkt 15c  
IDEAL JELLY POWDERS—Assorted flavors  
6 packages for... 25c  
PEANUT BUTTER—12 oz. jars,  
The Children Like It, per jar... 25c  
ORANGE PEKOE TEA, Broken—A full flavo-  
red strong tea—a chance to try a good  
tea at a Special Price, lb... 45c  
SUGAR MIXED CANDY, lb... 15c  
Libby's DILL PICKLES, size 2 1-2 can... 25c  
DUTCH COCOA, bulk, lb... 15c  
MARVEL BAKING POWDER  
Known in the West to be the best—  
A Real Value, 16 oz. can... 25c

## Halliday & Laut

### Bargains in Used Machinery

- 1 28 in. Separator, in good running condition... \$100
- 1 John Deere Tractor, ready to go to work... 300
- 1 Minneapolis Tractor, in good condition... 250
- 1 Deering Binder, overhauled, good for years... 50
- 1 Massey-Harris Binder, will run for years... 35
- 1 McCormick Binder, can be put in good cond... 40
- 1 3-furrow McCormick-Deering Engine Plow... 100

## Wm. Laut

ATTENTION, TRACTOR OWNERS!  
GET YOUR REQUIREMENTS OF

### OILS and GREASES

from the "Old Reliable" Firm

British American Oil Co. Ltd.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

Phone 4 and We Deliver.

## Crossfield Garage

F. T. BAKER

Agents for British-American Products.

## Trade In Your Old Tires

On New ATLAS GUARANTEED TIRES and SAVE MONEY. This is the only line of tire that will permit Trading in your old tire. So act at once and get a REAL TIRE.

We also carry a complete line of Battery Cables, Fan Belts, Hose Connections, Etc.

## O. K. Service Station and North End Garage

Phone No. 6

## CROSSFIELD TRANSFER and STORAGE

Daily Service Crossfield and Calgary.

INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

M. PATMORE Phone 62

Crossfield

Calgary Phone—M 1826

## New Cabinet Takes Office Tuesday

In the legislative chamber on Tuesday afternoon, William Aberhart was sworn in as Premier of Alberta, and thus became the leader of the first Social Credit Government in the world. All ministers took their oaths of office at the same time and immediately the ceremony concluded the new cabinet held its first meeting.

Investigation of the treasury's present position is being rushed through and Mr. Aberhart plans to leave for Ottawa early next week to arrange a loan of from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000.

### The New Cabinet

Personnel of the new Social Credit Government Cabinet.

President of the Executive Council and Minister of Education—Wm. Aberhart.

Attorney-General—John W. Hupill, K.C., Calgary.

Minister of Lands and Mines—Charles C. Ross, Calgary.

Provincial Secretary—E. C. Manning, Calgary.

Minister of Agriculture, Trade and Industry—Wm. F. Chant, Camrose.

Minister of Public Works, Railways and Telephones—W. A. Fallow, Vermilion.

Minister of Health—Dr. W. W. Cross, Hanna.

Provincial Treasurer and Minister of Municipal Affairs—C. Cockroft, Gadsby.

### MATRIMONIAL

#### LOW—DONALD

Mr. Jack Low and Mollie Donald were quietly married at Calgary on August 24. Both the bride and groom are well known in the district, and will have the best wishes of their many friends for much happiness in their new life.

#### HOUGH—LUNDBY

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the Norwegian Lutheran parsonage at 3 p.m. on August 28, when Albert Hough of Crossfield, and formerly of Enchant, and Mary Lundby of St. Paul, Minn., were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. O. Jovang and the couple were attended by Pearl Jovang and Vera Martinson—Calgary Herald.

Mr. and Mrs. Hough arrived in Crossfield on Saturday's evening train and have taken up residence in Hans Olson's house. Mr. Hough is employed by the Atlas Lumber Co., and is at present assisting Mr. Fitzpatrick at the local branch.

## New School Principal Highly Recommended

The local School Board are to be congratulated on securing the services of Mr. W. Gish, M.A., late of Wetaskiwin. Mr. Gish's records at Wetaskiwin and other large schools of the province are of a very high rating.

Crossfield has never broken any records, in fact for the past two years our percentage has been about the lowest in the province.

The following extract from the Wetaskiwin Times speaks for itself:

The results of the Wetaskiwin high school mid-summer examinations have just been summarized and it will be gratifying to every citizen in the community to learn that the local school is again at the top with a percentage in total subjects passed of 88.7. The subjects presented by Mr. Gish led with the remarkable percentage of 94.4.—Wetaskiwin Times.

## Local Tennis Players Do Well at Central Alberta Tournament

Gavin Goldie won the junior men's single at the Central Alberta tennis championships held at Red Deer on Sunday and Monday. Mrs. T. M. Goldie lost out in the finals of the ladies' singles. Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Stevens also competed in the tournament.

### LOCAL NEWS

The Misses Margaret and Kathleen Fitzpatrick entertained a number of young set at a very enjoyable lawn party on Friday evening.

Mrs. Orville Bills entertained at a tea on Wednesday in honor of Mrs. D. B. Bills of Van Nuys, California, on the occasion of her birthday. Those present were: Mrs. D. B. Bills, Mrs. O. E. Jones, Mrs. E. Bills, Mrs. R. Bills, Mrs. E. Halliday, Mrs. D. W. Williams, Mrs. R. T. Amery, Mrs. F. Purvis, Miss Leta Bills, Mrs. W. H. Miller.

A heavy frost on August 16th, followed by another on Monday night, has no doubt caused considerable damage, owing to the lateness of many of the crops in the district. While it is true many fields will not show any material damage, the general opinion is that our grade will be affected from 10 to 35 per cent.

O. E. Jones delivered the first load of 1935 wheat to a local elevator on Tuesday. The grain was delivered to the Pool Elevator and while it was a little tough for combining the grade was exceptionally good, with no damage from frost.

## Village Council Meeting

### Skating Rink to be Completed

The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council was held on Monday evening with all members present.

Dr. S. H. McClelland, Inspector of Dairies was present and gave his report regarding the dairies and milk supplied the Village.

Dr. McClelland stated that the dairies were satisfactory although several matters would be taken up by him with the Government Health Inspector when he next visited Crossfield and that he would have the Inspector accompany him and visit all dairies supplying milk to the Village. With reference to the testing of milk cows, he would proceed forthwith and again test all cows. Dr. McClelland then reported about the inspection of meat, one whole carcass and part of another had been condemned during the recent months as unfit for consumption.

Mayor Wood then presented an application for a building permit in adding an addition on his Service Garage which will be of frame and stucco finish.

The skating rink was next brought to the attention of the meeting and it was decided to complete the fence this fall and to find out before the next meeting the amount of lumber required and the cost of same.

A communication from the Canadian Institute for the Blind was read asking for a contribution to this worthy cause, a grant of \$10.00 was passed.

It was brought before the notice of the Council that willful damage had been done to the swings in the park by young people living in the village. The Council decided that a notice of warning be given thru the local paper that any person found willfully destroying any property in the park will be prosecuted.

The Council then discussed the matter of a School Principal being engaged and allowed to reside outside the Community. The Council felt that although business of this nature did not come under their jurisdiction, a letter should be sent to the Board of Trustees, pointing out that it was not in the interest of the citizens of the village to have a School Principal making his home away from the community and for the Trustees to impress upon the Principal that it is the wish of the Council that he consider making his home within the village.

## School Fair Today

The annual School Fair and Club Show and Sale is being held today, and while the weather is disagreeable with a driving rain falling most of the time, yet it does not seem to dampen the enthusiasm of the young exhibitors, and it is expected the number of exhibits will be as many as in former years.

## COCHRANE CONSTITUENCY RESULTS BY POLLS

POLL	King	Laurel	McCool	Two-ville
East Community	25	33	14	1
Croft	119	140	57	11
Glen Rock	15	9	23	3
Airdrie	135	33	40	2
Mountain View	61	6	16	
Havens House	39	31	8	2
Summit Hill	51	16	7	2
West Hope	70	17	9	2
Ingles	29	19	6	6
Cremora	149	52	14	19
Graham	68	5	3	5
Water Valley	83	4	8	
Darlington	43	10	15	3
West Brook	70	24	2	20
Morley	46	15	7	9
Cochrane	184	81	26	156
Glendale	37	9	15	24
Spring Ridge	27	0	11	4
Jumping Pound	39	12	6	24
Westminster	82	17	19	4
Balzac	105	5	88	12
Beddington	69	1	54	3
Orange Hall	49	10	62	13
Brace Creek	9	10	7	7
Banner	125	23	10	0
Greenwood	47	9	22	2
Tany-Bryn	28	24	34	
Meadowside	34	17	8	3
Totals	1880	628	891	337
Spillt ballots, 93				

We understand that the Ladies Aid meeting to have been held on Wednesday has been postponed until Friday in order that the members could do their school fair baking and assist in getting the exhibits ready.

A pleasant surprise was accorded Mrs. Mary Fox on Saturday last by a number of her friends, in the form of a surprise party, in honor of Mrs. Fox's 75th birthday.

## Week-end Specials

Jubilee Coffee, per lb... 40c  
Cocoa Bulk, per lb... 20c  
Jelly Powder, 6 for... 25c  
Tomatoes, per basket... 30c  
Corned Beef, 2 tins for... 25c  
Yacht Salmon, 2 tins for... 29c  
Chicken Haddie, 2 tins... 29c  
Herrings, 2 tins for... 29c  
Oranges, Large per doz... 39c  
Lemons, per doz... 45c  
Bananas, 2 lbs for... 25c

Crossfield U. F. A. Store

## THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield Phone 54 Alberta

## Granary Materials

WE STOCK THE BEST—



Skids—Joists—Studding—Rafters—Shiplap—Boards—Siding—Flooring—British Columbia Red Cedar Shingles—And Thick Tongued and Grooved Flooring.

For Grain-Tight Lumber that will stay "put" you will save time and money by making your purchases at our yard.

## Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

Member Phone 15 W.R.L.A.

## Experience Counts

Nearly thirty years of experience help this Company give good service in handling your grain. And long experience also proves to farmers the satisfaction of dealing with this Company.

DELIVER YOUR GRAIN TO

## UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

Elevators at: Crossfield, Cochrane, Beiseker

See the NEW 5B

## Massey-Harris Oil Bath Binder

19 roller bearings makes light draft. New forecarriage. Two horses each side of pole eliminates side draft.

### Bargains in Used Machinery

DEERING BINDER 8 ft. in A1 SHAPE

28 Rumely Separator, in A1 shape, belted and ready to go... \$375.00

Hart-Parr Engine in A1 shape... \$300.00

## J. M. WILLIAMS

Massey-Harris Agent Electric and Acetylene Welding

## DON'T RISK BAKING FAILURES

LESS THAN  
1¢ WORTH OF  
MAGIC  
bakes a  
perfect cake!

There's no guesswork with Magic. It assures uniformly fine results! That's why Canada's leading cookery experts use and recommend it exclusively. Ask your grocer for a tin!

CONTAINS NO ALUM—This statement on every tin is your guarantee that Magic Baking Powder is free from alum or any harmful ingredient. MADE IN CANADA



## Motorists---Take It Easy

The highways of North America are dotted with thousands of motor cars as people travel from city to town and town to city, and as they proceed on business journeys. Each and every one of these cars is a high-powered vehicle, capable of doing almost inconceivable damage unless handled with judgment and discretion. Whether you and your friends enjoy the motor trip you may be making depends not on the speed you travel, but whether you arrive safely at your destination.

In the United States last year there were almost one million motor accidents, with 36,000 deaths. The accident and death rate in Canada is almost as high, Ontario last year recording 512 deaths and 8,900 accidents which were not fatal, but many of which meant people scared and maimed and intense suffering for hundreds.

In the driving of a car, a man reveals himself. It is the thoughtless, selfish, reckless driver that is largely responsible for the toll on the highways. What is gained if a man arrives at his destination, a few seconds ahead of schedule? Why do so many men, when seated behind the wheel of a car, act like bores and leave behind them every vestige of courtesy and consideration for others?

The motor is a wonderful invention, but in the hands of a man without judgment or balance, is a terrible instrument of destruction, leaving death and maimed lives in its wake.

In the August issue of that popular little magazine "Reader's Digest" there appeared an article entitled "—And Sudden Death" which has attracted continent-wide notice and hundreds of thousands of reprints of which are being distributed throughout Canada and the United States. The only regret is that a copy cannot be placed in the hands of every person who drives an automobile. It is a gruesome record of what automobile accidents really are,—a realistic portrayal of scenes witnessed every day on the highways of this supposedly civilized continent.

The automobile, says the writer of this article, is treacherous, just as a cat is. It is tragically difficult to realize that it can become the deadliest missile. As enthusiasts tell you, it makes 65 an hour feel like nothing at all. But 65 an hour is 100 feet a second, a speed which puts a viciously unjustified responsibility on brakes and human reflexes, and can instantly turn this docile luxury into a mad bull elephant.

Collision, turnover or sideswipe, each type of accident produces either a shattering dead stop or a crashing change of direction—and, since the occupant—meaning you—continues in the old direction at the original speed, every surface and angle of the car's interior immediately becomes a battering, tearing projectile, aimed squarely at you—inescapable. There is no bracing yourself against these imperative laws of momentum.

It's like going over Niagara Falls in a steel barrel full of railroad spikes. The best thing that can happen to you—and one of the rarer things—is to be thrown out as the doors spring open, so you have only the ground to reckon with. True, you strike with as much force as if you had been thrown from the Twentieth Century at top speed. But at least you are spared the lethal array of gleaming metal knobs and edges and glass inside the car.

Anything can happen in that split second of a crash, even those lucky escapes you hear about. People have dived through windshields and come out with only superficial scratches. They have run cars together head on, reducing both to twisted junk, and been found unharmed and arguing bitterly two minutes afterward. But death was there just the same—he was only exercising his privilege of being erratic.

And every time you pass on a blind curve, every time you hit it up on a slippery road, every time you step on it harder than your reflexes will safely take, every time you drive with your reactions slowed down by a drink or two, every time you follow the man ahead too closely, you're gambling a few seconds against agony and sudden death.

There is an old legal phrase that "time is of the essence of the contract." This is not true on the highway; the reverse is true. Your duty as a driver is to bring safely home not only yourself, but your family and friends who may be travelling with you. Equally, it is your duty to so drive your car as to in no way endanger others but to allow them to likewise reach their homes in safety.

## Rebuilt By New Method

## Worn Machine Parts Made As Good As New

Fired at the speed of a rifle bullet, particles of hot metal rebuild worn machine parts by a new method. Screw heads are cut into the surfaces to be repaired and then the metal is sprayed on the grooves and ridges in such a way as to "freeze" and become part of the metal under treatment. The spraying is done with an electrically operated gun that "shoots" the metal particles through a tiny hole in the nozzle at 2,700 feet per second. The rebuilt parts are smoothed and polished with abrasives, giving long wear. Piston rods, cylinder walls, shafts, bearings and turbines are among the parts treated successfully.—Popular Mechanics.

There are 23 different kinds of alcohol commercially produced.

## THE FAMOUS RUBBING LINIMENT

Rub on—pain gone. Get the new large economy size—Also available in smaller, regular size.



## Jubilee Week Was Busy

## King's Secretaries Replied To Over Ten Thousand Messages

Statistics just available give some indication of the work performed by His Majesty's secretaries during Jubilee week. During the period May 3 to 9 the King received 10,264 telegrams from every conceivable part of the world. Every sender of a telegram within the British Isles, no matter what his rank or station in life, had a reply sent him by His Majesty or by one of the private secretaries. Overseas messages were similarly answered, the more important by cable, but many by a personal letter from the King's secretaries or His Majesty's representative in the Dominions or Colonies.

A new metal, invented by a British firm, is lighter than aluminum, as strong as cast-iron, cheaper than brass, impervious to sea-water, and can be bent when cold. It is in use by the admiralty.

The hyrax is the nearest living relative of the elephant. It is a little animal no larger than a rabbit and is erroneously designated in the King James Bible as a coney.

All houses on the main street of Istanbul, Turkey, are red, by decree of the municipal council. On feast days they are draped in the Turkish colors.

## Worked Under Difficulties

## French Engineers Had Hard Job Building Hotels In Algeria

As the French penetrate further and further southward into the Sahara, pacifying the roving Arab tribes as they go, hotels are being erected for the accommodation of Government officials, visiting Army officers, business men and the occasional venturesome tourist. The hotels had to be taken south, through the desert, in parcels. Each parcel weighed about 200 lbs. and was one camel-load. Caravan after caravan, traveling forty-five days through sands, brought in Timimoun. In the far south of Algeria, the many tons of windows, doors, glass, china, linen, cutlery, furniture, electrical installation and other equipment needed for the local hotel. Neither foremen nor European laborers would agree to go there, so the place was built by French army engineers, who themselves had to trace in the sand the first outline of the building because the superstitious wild Arabs of the region feared The Evil Eye, and would not have anything to do with blue-prints. They did consent to make the mud bricks, however, which form the walls, and to drag up to the site the date-palm trunks forming the roof beams and "girder-work." The rest had to come in parcels. Even the ships of the desert bringing the parcels were temperamental. They would not travel on even such good roads as were to be found along their line of route, but had to be steered over soft sandy courses. Camels suffer from bad spells of soreness unless allowed soft tracks.

## Drama Festival Finals

## Dates Are Set For 1936 Contests In Western Canada

Regulations covering the 1936 Dominion drama festival provide for contests in 11 regions into which Canada is divided for competition, with a final week in Ottawa beginning Monday, April 20.

Issued by J. A. Aylen, honorary secretary-general of the festival, the regulations set the following dates for English play regional festivals in Western Canada: British Columbia (Vancouver), Jan. 27 to Feb. 1; Alberta (Calgary), Feb. 6, 7, 8; Saskatchewan (Saskatoon), Feb. 13, 14, 15; Manitoba (Winnipeg), Feb. 20, 21, 22.

Regional festivals for French plays will be held in Quebec City, Montreal and Ottawa on dates to be arranged and announced later.

No play performed in the finals at Ottawa in 1934 or 1935 will be eligible for presentation in 1936, the regulations set forth. As in the past the festival will be restricted to one-act plays or single self-contained scenes from longer plays which occupy not less than 20 and not more than 45 minutes.

Direction of the festival again will be in the hands of Col. H. C. Osborne, honorary director, and an executive committee. In each region a regional committee will have charge.

A government laboratory in Texas has succeeded in producing helium 99.96 per cent. pure.

## AS ETHIOPIA RALLIES TO ARMS



Doing their bit



Imperial guard

Men, women and even children in Ethiopia have rallied to defend their country from threat of war by Italy. In the upper photo, two women are busy making uniforms for the rapidly mobilizing army. Members of the Imperial Guard (below), carry bayonets on their guns and are products of training by imported military experts.

## Lighthouse Heroine Dead

## Madame Matelet Won Overnight Fame On Belle Isle

Mme. Matelet, heroine of marine tradition, died recently at Lorient, France.

It was in 1910 Mme. Matelet (the translation of whose name is "Sailor") leaped in one agonizing night to world fame, won the admiration of mariners the world over, and subsequently the Carnegie Medal for heroism and the Legion of Honor.

Her husband was the lighthouse keeper at Kerdonis Light on Belle Isle. As he was about to set the light in motion one twilight it would not throw its warning rays across treacherous shoals.

The woman called her children and made them turn the heavy light all night while she tried to aid her husband start the machinery.

When the children no longer could continue the endless grind, the mother took up the task and kept the light turning until dawn, when she collapsed as help arrived.

## Sir Herbert Robson

## Prominent Grain Merchant Dies Suddenly In England

Sir Herbert Robson, prominent grain merchant and chairman of the Baltic exchange, died suddenly in London. He was 61 years of age.

Sir Herbert was a foremost opponent of governmental measures for restriction of wheat production and control of world wheat trade.

Sir Herbert died at Maldon, Essex. He was born in Northampton in 1874. He was a director of a number of important companies. Twenty years ago he was chairman of the chamber of commerce of Karachi, India, and a member of the Bombay legislative council.

## Used Like A Pencil

## No Pressure Required With New Tool For Engraving

For engraving on gold, silver, brass, copper, aluminum and other metals as well as bakelite, catalin, ivory and hardwoods, a plug-in tool that is used like a pencil is available. No pressure is required, the operator writing or printing as with a pencil. The tool cuts rapidly with a chisel-like stroke. The powerful little motor operates on 110-volt, a.c. circuits, the standard lighting current used in homes. The engraver fits the hand.—Popular Mechanics.

## Times Have Changed

Back in the good old days a boy could go to a picnic and have a dandy good time on two bits. He would ride the merry-go-round a couple of times, drink a glass of red lemonade and spend the other time for a ticket to a minstrel show. But how things have changed. A boy of the same age in these fast-stepping times will spend at least \$2 or \$3, and blamed if he believe he has as good a time as the boy who took a quarter with him for his day's expenditures at a picnic.

There are 15 per cent. more earthquakes when the moon is nearest the earth than there are when it is farthest away.

BIG  
size  
BIG  
value  
BIG  
satisfaction



BIG BEN  
THE PERFECT  
Chewing Tobacco

## FASHION FANCIES



310

## "WRAP ME UP" HOME FROCK OR "COVER ALL" BECOMING TO SLENDER AND MATURE FIGURES

By Ellen Worth

Here's a new type of wrap-around apron home frock, that is quite smart.

It has a paneled bodice that carries down into the skirt, that would flatter any figure. The flared sleeves are pretty.

Calico or percale print is especially nice for its development.

As a "Cover-All" to wear over one's "best" frock to prepare dinner, it is nice made of a dimity print.

It's unbelievably simple and inexpensive to make it.

Style No. 310 is designed for sizes 14, 16, 18 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust. Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards of 35-inch material.

Patterns 15c each. Address mail orders to: Pattern Department, Winthrop Fashion Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

Autumn Fashion Book contains many more smart, cool vacation clothes. Send for your copy to-day, the price is 15c.

Polar Hop Postponed

The attempt of a Soviet aeroplane to fly non-stop to San Francisco, by way of the north pole, has been postponed until the summer of 1936. The setting in of the polar night was given as the reason for the postponement.

Were Paid Union Rates

Trade union rates of a penny per rivet were paid to Lady Kelly, wife of Admiral Sir John Kelly, and other officers' wives when they drove the first rivets into the plates of the new cruiser Aurora at Portsmouth.

A \$5,000,000 steel plant will be built at South Durham, England.

## Predicts Horseless London

## Ministry Of Transport Working To Speed Mechanizing System

Within five years, it is predicted, the London dray horse will be so rare in London as to be regarded as a curiosity, the streets of 1940 being practically entirely free of horses. The Ministry of Transport is hastening this condition by plans to substitute horse-drawn traffic by a completely mechanized system, and some of these plans will be carried into effect shortly.

The busiest streets in London will be closed to horse-drawn traffic in the near future by regulations soon to be issued by the department. Already there is a device operating in Oxford street between certain hours. Later an edict will be issued that horse-drawn vehicles will not be allowed in London at all after a period of from three to five years.

Under existing traffic legislation, the Minister of Transport, L. Horne-Bellah, has power to put an end to traffic by horse in London's streets. His department, however, has no intention of driving horses from the streets until their owners have had fair warning.

## Eastern Excursions

## Bargain Fares Offered By C.P.R. and C.N.R. For Early Autumn Trip

Popularity of early autumn bargain fares to eastern Canada last year has induced the Canadian Pacific and Canadian National railways to offer similar travel privileges in September of this year, according to an announcement by Joseph B. Parker, western secretary, Canadian Passenger Agency.

The fall weather route, attractive after the heat of summer, begins with a ticket sale from September 21 to October 4 and bears a final return limit of 45 days in addition to the date of sale. Stop-over privileges go with the tickets within a limit of the stations of Port Arthur, Armstrong and east.

Tickets will be honored in coaches, tourist or standard sleepers on payment of fare according to the accommodation desired. They will be on sale from all stations from Port Arthur, Armstrong and west, including Pacific Coast points to all stations including Sault Ste. Marie, Sudbury, Cochrane and east.

An Italo-Abyssinian dispute has arisen in Amsterdam—the Abyssinian, a commissioner at an Italian restaurant, gave notice that he was returning home to join the army. As he was leaving the building, the Italian proprietor noticed he was carrying a large bundle. Asked what it contained, the man replied "Revolvers." But police summoned to the scene discovered was a quantity of the restaurant's silverware.

Not Empty Handed

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.

Cleaning Railway Coaches

The latest method of cleaning railway carriages is that used by the German Federal Railways. The carriage is run into a huge airtight cylinder into which is pumped a strong disinfectant gas. The carriage remains in the gas long enough to allow it to penetrate every clink and corner, so that all harmful bacteria are killed.



# Many Research Workers On Problem Of Developing Rust-Resistant Wheats

A score of years' arduous research and cross-breeding of many varieties of wheat lies behind the announcement from Ottawa that farmers in the spring of 1937 may expect small quantities of rust-resistant wheats. And even yet the search for the perfect wheat is not concluded.

Thousands of bushels of grain in Manitoba and Saskatchewan are being lost to farmers this year because of the rust blight. Wheat stem rust has been known to plant pathologists for the past 80 years. The organism is a parasitic plant and, warded by wind, clings to wheat stems and sucks food to the extent of causing the kernels to wither. Sometimes the attack is early and the kernels are prevented from forming.

An investigation carried on for over five years showed epidemics of rust in western Canada are initiated by spores which are blown northward from fields of rusted grain lying south of the international boundary. The organism that produces rust does not develop in the soil, and therefore treatment of the soil or seed does not prevent the growing grain from becoming infected.

Science long ago believed a rust resistant wheat could be produced. Canada started its search in 1916 at the Dominion experimental farms at Brandon, Man., and Indian Head, Sask., and subsequently the work was extended to the Dominion rust research laboratory at Winnipeg and other points. Universities and agricultural colleges came to the aid of governments in the search.

Exacting tests were made of various grains and as new types were produced they were crossed with older strains and new strains as well. The big problem was to find a rust resistant wheat that would have qualities of milling and baking equal to the best of Canada's big wheats. A minute record of the work was kept.

Scores of varieties and crossed varieties are still under the study of the Dominion rust research laboratory. Two families stand out as the most promising. One family was produced from crossing Marquis with a Durum variety known as Pentad. The other family originated through from a cross between a Marquis and Redwood or a derivative of a Marquis-Emmer cross.

Chiefly from these two families the federal department of agriculture hopes in 1937 to distribute small quantities of the rust resistant wheats to farmers in western Canada. The department expects to have several thousand bushels available for distribution in two to four-bushel lots. Control distribution will be retained to prevent exploitation of the new strains.

Until qualities of the new wheats have been definitely proven, they will go unchristened. They will have numbers as means of identification. And the rust research laboratory will continue even though the new varieties show good yielding ability, good milling, baking and early ripening qualities.

Many research workers have taken part in the studies. The plant pathologists have carried on their work under Dr. H. T. Gussow, Dominion botanist. In 1924 parliament made a grant of \$50,000 for erection of the rust laboratory at Winnipeg and Dr. D. L. Bailey conducted the pathological work until he went to the University of Toronto. He was succeeded by the present director, Dr. J. H. Craigie.

The plant breeding work as conducted at the laboratory has been under direction of Dr. C. H. Goulden, a notable plant breeder and geneticist of the staff of the cereal division, experimental farm branch of the federal department of agriculture. Notable work in the production of the new rust resistant types was carried on at the Brandon experimental farm under the late S. J. Sigfusson and at the University of Saskatchewan under Dr. J. B. Harrington.

### Why Knives Are Rounded

Forks as table instruments were in use in Italy long before their introduction into England in 1601. Table knives used to have sharp points like the present-day carving knives. The change in the shape was made by Cardinal Richelieu. Because he saw Chancellor Segur using his knife as a toothpick, he ordered his steward to round the end of every knife in his possession.

### Texas Leads All States in Production of Turkey

With North Dakota ranking second.

## Sugar From Dahlias

Experiments Conducted By Research Chemists Have Been Success

Fields ablaze with brilliant dahlias may be the source of a sizeable portion of future commercial sugar supply, the American Chemical Society in convention at San Francisco was informed.

A method of producing for market sugar twice as sweet as that now commonly used has been developed by Dr. Wray Rieger, Prof. Leroy W. Weatherby, and research associates at the University of Southern California.

Commercial production already has become a practical possibility, the scientists say, as the result of the working out of a means of manufacturing on basis comparable with that of beet sugar.

Professor Weatherby pointed out due to the difference in growing seasons, dahlia sugar could be manufactured in California or best sugar plants during ordinary cold seasons.

He said economic possibilities of dahlia sugar are enhanced by its dietary properties. Those on reducing diets, the university experimenters declared, would find its sweetness with less calories. There is the further favorable fact in the belief of most diabetic patients who cannot utilize common sugar that they can retain sugar of fruits such as dahlia sugar.

Another factor in diet was reported by Prof. C. A. Elvehjem of the University of Wisconsin, who said infants should be fed a little copper daily, in addition to iron to insure good health.

## The Common Cold

New Vaccine Said To Reduce Liability Of Infection

A fresh inroad on the common cold, by a new "tetrahedral" vaccine made to drink which reduced colds by 43.7 per cent, last winter, was announced in New York. The actual reduction was 70 per cent among 399 persons. But from this was subtracted 26.3 per cent, credited as a fraction probably due to a mild common cold season.

In addition to the 399 with a 70 per cent cold reduction, the vaccine was used by 46 persons who had previously been troubled with virtually continuous colds. Of these 43 suffered less than one cold for the winter, and three reported absolutely no benefit.

The report is made in Science, the official organ of the American Association of Science, by George E. Rockwell and Hermann C. Van Kirk, of the University of Cincinnati department of bacteriology and H. M. Powell of the Lilly Research Laboratories, Indianapolis.

## Salt Has Many Uses

Live Stock Needs It More Than Human Beings

Most people know how badly they feel the need of salt when it is absent, but few realize that live stock need salt even more than do human beings. The Salt Division of C.I.L. has issued a comprehensive chart showing the wide variety of uses to which salt is put by farmers, under the heading "In the Barn," the quantities of salt needed in rations for different types of stock are given, as well as the need for salt to keep down the fermentation of hay with its consequent danger of spontaneous combustion. "In the Dairy" salt is an essential for the cows, for the butter, and for butter wrapping papers. "In the Home" the uses of salt vary from table use to pickling and mouth health, while "For Curing Meat" the special smoked salt is suggested.

### Salmon Take High Leap

The highest leap that salmon are known to make is at the Kettle Falls on the Columbia River. Passing these falls involves a perpendicular leap of from sixteen to twenty feet, according to the level of the water in the river. Salmon are known to travel 2,500 miles to spawn. From the moment they enter fresh water they cease to take any food. Two or three days after spawning they die.

### Have you any creaking boots?

Soak the soles in salt and water and leave overnight in limesoil.

### A telephone pole erected on Cape Cod more than 40 years ago is still in service.



The first Canadian athletes to compete in Russian sporting events left Montreal on the C.P. liner "Duchess of York." Left to right: B. Philipovich, of Myrnan, Sask.; Sid Brown, of Montreal, and K. Ranta, of Port Arthur.

## Missing Radium Recovered

Last Vial Is Found In Stomach Of Pig

A \$3,000 vial of radium, accidentally thrown away, was back at Moe hospital at Sioux Falls, S.D., after an uncannily precise search by two University of Minnesota scientists who traced it to the stomach of a squealing pig.

When the loss of the tube was discovered, Dr. A. J. Moe called in Dr. J. W. Buchta and Dr. H. H. Barver of the university. They quickly devised a detector from gold leaf and started for the dump grounds where 500 pigs wandered over the heaped refuse. The gauge jumped. The searchers divided the drove into five sections and by eliminations reduced to three and finally to one the likely pig.

"The radium is inside that pig," Dr. Buchta said to F. L. Tibbles, garbage hauler, who scratched his head in disbelief. Tibbles called a butcher who opened the animal.

The tube, measuring 1-16 of an inch in diameter and 3-4 inch in length, was in its stomach.

## Takes On Big Job

Eric Hardy, organizer of the bird section of the Naturalists' Field Club of Liverpool, England, has started one of the greatest tasks ever attempted by an ornithologist. He will count 10,000,000 birds. The counting and classification may require several years.

Nearly 75,000 persons in factories are making candy in England.

## A Master Builder

English Woman Does All Work On Her House

Having built one building and started another Mrs. M. Hinchley of Radworth, England, has issued a building challenge to any woman in the country. Her first house was a six-room, bay-window red-brick, now valued at \$3,000. This was constructed mostly by her own labor. She has moved into it and is now erecting a bungalow. Wearing plus fours, a coat and rubber boots, she dug the foundations, and may be seen any day laying the bricks. Mrs. Hinchley is her own architect, and her plans are approved by the local authorities. She estimates quantities, buys material, mixes mortar, carries bricks, and does her own plastering and painting. As the house progresses she is clerk of works. "I keep my own house, and cook as well as do the building," Mrs. Hinchley said.

## Could Exist On Wood

In case of war people of Germany could exist on wood, according to Dr. Bergius, Nobel Prize winner. In a recent lecture in Munich, Germany, he said, they could feed on sawdust, drink, dress in birch bark, and speed about in wood-burning motor cars and airplanes.

Average income of the last czar of Russia was approximately \$25,000 daily.

It is estimated that a beech tree consumes about 80 quarts of water daily.

# The SNAPSHOT GUILD LABOR DAY PICTURES



Opportunities are unlimited on Labor Day for story-telling pictures such as the above.

It's hard to realize that the good old summer time has rushed by so fast and that we will soon be enjoying our last holiday of the summer season—Labor Day. But even if it is the last, it's almost the best from a picture-taking angle.

The above snapshot is just one example, and there are countless others. As there is such a variation of light in different locations it is not possible to give any set rule for diaphragm openings and shutter speeds. For instance, when the above picture was made the sun was shining brightly but the picnic party was shaded by surrounding trees. The snapshotter with a folding camera got the correct exposure when he set the diaphragm opening at f.8 and the shutter speed at 1-25 of a second. But suppose this was a beach party; no trees are near to cast shadows but instead the bright sunlight is blazing down on the party and additional light is reflected from the water and sand. Then what?

You could then set the shutter speed for 1-100 of a second with the f.11 diaphragm opening. This setting of the diaphragm opening and shutter will serve two purposes. First—you will have the proper exposure, and second—at 1-100 of a second it will not be necessary for your subject to "hold still" when the picture is snapped.

If you have a box camera you would open it to the largest stop for the picture above and a smaller one for the beach picture.

Although the principal rules for good picture making have from time to time been given in the Snapshot Guild, some readers may be benefitted by a review of a few of them:

If there is any doubt, always give a little longer exposure.

Avoid prominent straight lines such as telegraph poles and trees and horizons which seem to cut the picture in half.

Never allow the sun to shine directly into the lens of your camera or there will be a flare of light on the negative.

Do not try to crowd too many objects nor too much scenery into a picture. Simplicity is the keynote of art in photography.

Two-thirds land or two-thirds sky makes for better composition in a landscape photograph than one-half of each.

With ordinary cameras fast moving objects should always be photographed with the most rapid shutter speed and the largest lens opening.

With that review, here's to more and better pictures over Labor Day.

JOHN VAN GUILDER.

# Adult Mass Education Launched in China To End Widespread Illiteracy

## Voyage of The Eels

Is Considered One Of Most Astonishing Processes In Nature

The fishermen who, as reported in a London newspaper caught 102,000 young eels off the West Coast of Britain and transferred them to the East Prussian fishing grounds, have intercepted a stage of one of the most astonishing processes in nature.

This is the voyage of the eels from their Atlantic birthplace to European homes. Afterwards they return unerringly to the breeding-grounds of the Sargasso Sea.

The process was authoritatively investigated a few years ago by the late Prof. Johannes Schmidt, director of the Carlsberg Physiological Laboratory at Copenhagen.

He made a world voyage in the Royal Danish research ship Dana and definitely established that the Sargasso, the spawning bed of European and American eels.

The adult fish move down the rivers and lakes of the two continents every autumn, never to return. Having spawned, they die. In the spring myriads of small eels begin a three-years' voyage to homes they have never known.

The eels of the American species make their way only to America. The European species similarly come only to Europe. The Indo-Pacific species have two spawning beds, one in the east and the other in the west of the Indian Ocean.

Londoners are accustomed to the sight of the Dutch eel boats which deliver their catches at Billingsgate. The trade is an old and privileged one. Its amenities include a missionary who lives in the East End and attends to the crew's welfare.

Attempts to restore Egyptian mummies to their original state by chemical solution containing sodium hydroxide have so far proved unsuccessful.

## An Experimental Dairy

Started By State of Denmark. It Has Been Success

The backbone of Danish life is the farming business within which the dairy, bacon and egg departments are chief. The Danes realized how important quality was so they built a National Experimental Dairy at Hillerod which deals with problems relating to milk, butter and cheese. The dairy which is under the Minister of Agriculture, has a director and a staff of twenty. These people deal with approximately 30,000 pounds of milk daily. The dairy was started by the State and the Danish Dairy Society also have contributed largely to the funds, as they decided that a larger unit, than was first called for, was needed for most efficient results. The dairy now existing handles about the same amount of milk as is handled by the majority of dairies in Denmark. The milk comes from the two state-owned farms of Faurlund and Trollemande and from two hundred other producers of which the greater number are typical small Danish farms milking from two to twenty cows. There are a few producers however who have from 80 to 200 cows. A considerable amount of the milk is used in cheese making and there is room for storage of over 2,000 cheeses in the building.

### When Wives Were Auctioned

The London Times of July 4, 1833, reported that a crowd of persons assembled at Portman Market, to witness the sale of a wife. She was led by the husband to the auctioneer with a halter round her neck. The first bid was four shillings, and this advanced by pennies until a dutman (street cleaner) carried her off for five shillings.

### A Starting Point

The word "tee" as used in golf is derived from an old Icelandic word which means "a starting point." Centuries ago there was a considerable connection between Northern Scotland and Scandinavia—the root of the Icelandic speech—and so "tee" was adopted with golf.

### Sixty per cent. of the air transport flying in the United States is done at night.

### Three miles above sea level in the Andes, miners work the largest known deposit of vanadium ore.

### The western meadowlark has 27 different melodies.

One of the greatest adult mass-education movements ever launched in the Far East is under way as authorities of the Chinese-administered areas of Shanghai wage war on illiteracy.

The goal is to teach 480,000 illiterate persons in Shanghai to read and write 600 of the most commonly used Chinese characters. Although the language comprises several thousand characters, 600 of these are considered basic; with them an adult Chinese can read newspapers, write ordinary letters, decipher street-car signs, etc.

With the official opening of the campaign, 220 mass-education schools opened simultaneously in all districts of the municipality of Greater Shanghai (that portion of the city lying outside the foreign settlements).

Learning to read and write the 699 characters is free, but compulsory. Truant officers have been designated to round up the adults who would "play hooky" from classes. Those who do not attend the school to which they have been assigned, or who miss any of their classes without valid excuse, will be fined between 20c and 5c.

To avoid inconvenience or loss of working time, the schedule of classes has been arranged for all hours of the day so that all groups may attend during their leisure.

Each of the 220 schools is conducted by a principal and teachers recently graduated from a special institute for mass-education. On a basis of 300 students a being accommodated every day, the 220 schools are expected to turn out 66,000 students at the end of the first term. Succeeding terms and additional schools soon to be opened will take care of similar numbers, and the entire group of nearly half a million illiterates is expected to be educated within one year.

## Has Many Substitutes

Spinach Is Not Any Better Than Other Vegetables

Science is coming to the defense of the youngster who refuses to eat his spinach. Mother, it seems, is only partly right when she pleads with junior to "eat your spinach—it's good for you." It's good for him, but not nearly as good as it's been cracked up to be.

Spinach contains iron, but studies at the University of Wisconsin, carried on in those agricultural chemistry laboratories which have already made countless contributions to the knowledge of vitamins and minerals, show that only 25 per cent of the iron is available. Scientists put it; that is, only one quarter of it is in a form that is usable by the body. Other vegetables are no better than spinach in this respect.

A higher proportion of the iron in meat is available, according to the Wisconsin investigators. More than 99 per cent of the iron in heart muscle and liver, both of beef and pork, is usable for blood-building. In ordinary beef the proportion is 50 per cent. The iron in cereal breakfast foods and grains is also partly available; but the iron in soy beans was found to be 60 per cent. available, and that in alfalfa and blood, 25 per cent. New information will now make it necessary for nutritionists to revise present standards.

So spinach, after all the family tempests it has spooled, turns out to be just one of these things for which there are plenty of substitutes.—Detroit Saturday Night.

## Produce Smokeless Fuel

Cheap Method Described To American Chemical Society

A method of converting the coal now used to heat residences into a smokeless fuel at a cost of about \$1 a ton was described before the American Chemical society at San Francisco. By using the Karkick method of low temperature carbonization, George W. Carter, and S. Clark Jacobson of the University of Utah reported they were able to successfully produce a solid smokeless fuel.

### A Striking Caption

A cartoon appearing in the magazine "Railroad Data" bears a striking caption and one which everyone would be well advised to heed. It is: "Train the Mind to Mind the Train." Motorists should always remember that trains always have the right of way. A few minutes saved is the only reward for winning a race with a train. And a hospital bed or coffin are usually the alternative rewards for either a tie or a loss.





## INCOME TAX PROBE EXPECTED TO YIELD RESULTS

London, Ont.—The Dominion government is conducting an income tax investigation which may bring the federal treasury several millions of dollars in tax arrears, it was disclosed here. The income tax department is probing unregistered shares of large Canadian industries, it was learned.

In its investigation the department expects to collect large sums of unpaid income taxes from many of Canada's wealthy men. The probe will go back for a period of from 15 to 20 years.

The investigation in this district is being conducted from the office of George Tumbler, London district inspector of income tax. Disclosure of the investigation came shortly after the commission investigating the seven Spencer estates met here to officially wind up its work.

Commissioner John Cowan was appointed to investigate the estates of the family that pioneered in the industry. After a series of public sittings the case was settled.

Until recently there has been no check on the ownership of bearer share warrants or unregistered stock. It was said. Now, however, when coupons from such stocks are cashed at banks a certificate of ownership must be filed with them.

It was said the income tax department was using these certificates of ownership to carry on a Dominion-wide investigation.

When a certificate of ownership is filed with a dividend coupon the department will check back to see if the person filing the certificate reported income from the stock in the previous year. If not, he will be asked to explain why he didn't.

If he replies he did not own the stock in the previous year the income tax department asks from whom he obtained it. Then the previous owner will be checked to see if he declared his dividends on the stock in his income tax returns.

Each unregistered stock certificate is being checked back from year to year, and owners are being made to account for their income from the stock.

Officials said there will be no public inquiry into unregistered shares. The investigation is being carried on in district offices.

### Express Rate Reductions

Lower Costs, On Long Haul Shipments Now Effective

Montreal.—Rate reductions on long-haul heavy express shipments became effective over the lines of all railway express companies in Canada Sept. 2. It was announced by the Express Traffic Association of Canada. The new rates are said to represent more than 20 per cent reduction.

Some time ago express rates on packages 15 pounds and under were considerably reduced, but in order to take advantage of those rates shippers frequently found it necessary to split large shipments into small packages. This entailed an increase in packaging costs which are said to be removed now. The present reduced rates on packages 15 pounds and under will remain in effect.

### Ontario Relief Payments

Toronto.—Relief from payments to Ontario municipalities after September 1 when they will have to look after their own relief administration will be lump sum payments scaled according to the ability of the municipality to pay its own way and based on the number of persons on relief. Hon. David A. Croll, Ontario minister of welfare, said.

### Preserve Body of Lenin

Moscow.—Prof. Boris Zharsky said the body of Nikolai Lenin, father of Communism, may be preserved for the next 100 years. He is one of the inventors of the secret process of embalming by which Lenin's remains were treated 11 years ago. The professor said he and his colleague, Prof. Vladimir Petrovich, were satisfied beyond all expectations.

### War For Peace

Ottawa.—The Canadian delegation to the League of Nations assembly was instructed to support peace, Prime Minister Bennett said. "Members of the delegation were told that the only war we are interested in is the war for peace," he added.

### Plague In China

Peking, China.—A bubonic plague sweeping central Manchoukiao has taken 78 lives thus far, said foreign advisers reaching here.

### High Price For Book

Half Million Asked For Copy of Lawrence's Last Book

New York.—The highest price ever quoted on a book at publication will be paid for "The Mint," by Alcega-Ross.

The price is \$500,000 the copy. Alcega-Ross is T. E. Shaw and T. E. Lawrence and "Lawrence of Arabia." He used the name Ross for a time in an effort to avoid publicity when he was with the air forces.

Its criticism of living men, of British institutions and of the profession of soldier and several other things are described by one who has seen the manuscript as so stringent that publication may not be had in England for many years, if ever. Lawrence wished it to be protected, but kept out of circulation.

So the book is to be set up and printed by Doubleday, Doran and Co. Two copies will be sent to Washington to secure copyright; 10 copies will be kept for sale. But it is not believed that there will be any takers at \$500,000.

### Plan Brought Results

New York Relief Takers Prefer Work To Jail

New York.—New York's "work or go to jail" policy for relief recipients produced what an official called "amazing" results in its first test.

Applicants were reported by observers to be taking works progress administration jobs at the rate of one a minute in some offices.

It appeared about 5,000 laborers had been removed from the relief rolls to jobs in one day.

When relief offices opened a line of men and women awaited to take the \$35-a-week relief jobs. Over the weekend they had read an edict that those who refused work would first be cut off from relief and then, if they proved stubborn, be prosecuted for failure to support their families.

### Britain Protests

Objects To Reported Remarks At Soviet Gathering

London.—It was learned from an informed source here that Great Britain protested at Moscow through Viscount Chilston, British ambassador, Aug. 19, against remarks expressed at the recent congress of the third international.

Georgi Dimitroff, who was elected to the permanent executive committee at the closing session of the congress, was reported to have said in a speech the National government in Britain was clearing the way for Fascism, and Communists in England were working for a return of a Labor government with a view to establishing a Soviet regime.

### Major Douglas To Come

Social Credit Founder Ready To Visit Alberta

Calgary.—Major C. H. Douglas, founder of Social Credit, may come to Alberta early in September to advise the new Alberta government on establishing its Social Credit system. He called William Aberhart he could leave England in 10 days or two weeks.

Douglas was appointed financial adviser to the Reid government, having a two-year contract. He will continue under the Aberhart administration.

### Re-Opening As Scheduled

University of Alberta Starts New Term September 23

Edmonton.—University of Alberta will re-open September 23 as scheduled, it has been announced by Geoffrey Taylor, assistant registrar and spokesman in the absence of Registrar A. E. Ottewill. Putting an end to rumors that have been current since the provincial election, university officials state that they have received no notification that the college would not re-open on schedule.

### Highway Contract

Winnipeg.—Contract for applying an asphalt surfacing to the trans-Canada highway, a distance of 24 miles, between Carberry and Brandon, was awarded by the good roads board to Carter, Halls, Aldinger, Limited, for \$99,257. This company submitted the lowest of three tenders.

### Many Farm Jobs

Toronto.—Late returns to the Ontario department of labor showed that more than 2,400 unemployed single men have been placed on farms through the work campaign opened after Premier Hepburn ordered closure of the hostels.

### Paderewski On The Air

Will Broadcast Program From Switzerland On October 13

Geneva.—Paderewski is going on the air for the first time. From the living room of his villa at Morges, between Geneva and Lausanne, on the shore of Lake Geneva, he will play an all-Chopin concert for 90 minutes, Saturday, October 12. The international radiocast was arranged by the Societe Roman de Radiofrustration. American handling is over the WJZ network of the National Broadcasting Company, from 10:30 to 12 noon, E.S.T.

No other concerts are planned by the Polish pianist this year. Fritz Kreisler now remains the only world-famed artist to refuse going on the air.

### Left Children To Starve

Woman Beheaded In Germany As Punishment For Crime

Berlin.—Charlotte Jueneemann was beheaded in punishment for the crime of allowing her three children to starve to death. Willy Gehrike, 23, was put to death by the knife for robbery and murder.

Frau Jueneemann, young, slim, blond, was convicted last March after testimony had been given that she had squandered in cafes and dance halls the money she had received for the relief of her three boys, four, 18 months and four months old.

"I had no time to give the children food and water," the police quoted her. She was the fourth woman to lose her head on the chopping block this year.

## U. S. POLICY IS TO KEEP NATION OUT OF WAR

Washington.—A mandatory law embodying a policy intended to safeguard the United States against war received the approval of President Roosevelt.

A ceremony at which he had intended to sign the resolution, however, was postponed to suit the convenience of members of congress invited to attend. Those receiving the invitations had participated in framing the legislation, which makes reversal of the Wilson neutrality program.

The Pittman-McReynolds proposal directed the president to proclaim a mandatory embargo on arms to all belligerents in event of a declaration of war between two foreign powers.

Under a last minute compromise the arms ban and a provision making it unlawful for United States ships to carry arms or implements of war to any port of belligerent countries or to a neutral port for transshipment to a belligerent would expire Feb. 29, 1936. But after that date, these provisions would remain in force.

A licensing system for the manufacture and export of arms and munitions under the supervision of a board of cabinet officers.

Discretionary authority for the president to restrict or close the territorial waters or ports of the United States to belligerent submarines, to prohibit American citizens from travelling on ships of warring nations except at their own risk, unless in flight from a country at war, and to require bond of any vessel suspected to be about to carry arms or supplies to a belligerent ship at sea.

### PRINCESS WEDS DANCE BAND LEADER



The bride and bridegroom cut the cake at the wedding at the Mayfair Hotel, London, of Princess Pearl, daughter of the white Rajah and Ranees of Sarawak to Mr. Harry Roy, a famous dance band leader of London.



W. H. HOWSON

Liberal leader in Alberta, who succeeded in holding his Edmonton seat in the provincial elections.

### South Polar Expedition

Canadian Aviators Arrive at Montevideo for Proposed Flight

Sao Paulo, Brazil.—As expirer Lincoln Ellsworth left here by aeroplane for the Malto Grosso jungles as a jaguar hunt, the Canadian aviators who will accompany the Ellsworth-Wilkins South Polar expedition this winter arrived at Montevideo.

Pilots Herbert Hollick-Kenyon, James Lynamer and Patrick Mathe arrived aboard the steamship Eastern Prince and announced they would test the expedition planes there.

Mrs. Ellsworth accompanied her husband on the hunt. On its completion, Ellsworth will go to Montevideo to join Sir Hubert Wilkins, who is preparing for the new expedition to the Antarctic. They will sail with the aviators in October for the polar regions.

### To Recall Legislators

New Plan In Election Laws Promised for Alberta

Calgary.—Something new in election laws has been promised the people of Alberta by William Aberhart, leader of the Social Credit party that swept into power in the provincial election. For the first time in Canada, electors will have the right to recall legislators who fail to live up to their pre-election promises.

It is expected the Aberhart legislation will be patterned after the American recall laws although its details have not been decided. It is probable the act will provide that a recall petition may be held if a certain percentage of the voters in a constituency favor it through a petition. If the petition showed the majority of voters desired a new election, it would be held.

### Giant Candle

New York.—A white-haired, 75-year-old artist, who has manufactured some of the finest scented candles in the world, disclosed that he has received an order for a giant candle, to burn 500 years, as a symbol of gratitude to the saints for bringing Mme. Amelia Galli-Curci, operatic soprano, safely through a recent throat operation.

### Seeking Migration Rights

London.—The Daily Herald declared the Japanese government is preparing to open diplomatic negotiations with Great Britain, Holland and other powers "with the idea of securing emigration rights in the Far East for several millions of her surplus population."

### Death In Hurricane

Expect Many Lives Lost In Newfoundland Gale

St. John's, Nfld.—A secret of the sea, Newfoundland's hurricane dead, remained uncounted, but reports seeping into St. John's from scattered villages indicated between 40 and 50 lives had been taken by the weekend gale that strewn whalebone death about the island's coastal waters.

With communication services disrupted by the storm, it appeared likely the full toll of the dead would not be known for days. Wrecked ships were scattered all along the island's eastern side; more were adrift at sea without crews, and others, possibly, had been sunk without trace.

### Can Pay For War

Italy's Financial Condition Can Take Care For Long Struggle

Rome.—Italy's financial condition permits her to contemplate waging war indefinitely—whether in Africa or Europe—informed sources asserted.

The informed sources explained, however, that Italy does not expect to have to support a prolonged campaign in East Africa. They believed if war comes, it will be a question of one gigantic assault.

Italy has a gold reserve of approximately 5,000,000,000 lira, which has fluctuated only slightly, due to government control. A little less than 100,000,000,000 lira have been spent already for Italy's East African campaign.

### Farm Home Fire

Three Lives Lost In Blaze In Edmonton District

Edmonton.—Toll of a farm home fire 38 miles west of here on July 31 was brought to three with the death of Mrs. Olga Adams, 22, in hospital here.

Her children, George, four, and Margaret, three, died in the blaze. The father, Lewis, 52, suffered burns about the head when he put out the flames in Mrs. Adams' clothing and as he tried to reach the children. Exploding gasoline being poured into a lamp caused the fire.

## WHEAT RUST TAKES HEAVY TOLL OF WESTERN CROP

Ottawa.—Farmers of western Canada will lose approximately \$100,000,000 on account of wheat rust this year, taking 80 cents a bushel as the average price for wheat, Dr. E. S. Archibald, director of experimental pathology, believes.

Dr. Archibald told a local service club he had made two trips to the west this season and until about three weeks ago looked for a 500-000,000 bushel crop of wheat, oats and barley. Now, however, the situation was changed. Western grain fields had been struck by the worst epidemic of black stem rust ever experienced in Canada. Previous epidemics had come in 1904, 1916, 1920, 1923 and 1927.

Rust caused a loss of 100,000,000 bushels in 1916, said Dr. Archibald. He said this was "the year of the great disaster in western Canada when wheat was so badly needed by Great Britain and the allies." It had meant a loss of \$150,000,000.

This year the loss in bushels would be greater, although the financial loss would be less because of lower prices. United States farmers had suffered as well to the tune of many millions.

"The condition this year," he said, "is that at the present time according to estimates made about 10 days ago, there will be a total reduction in the west of about 102,000,000 bushels."

Added to the loss in volume would be a reduction in the grades of wheat which would almost equal the monetary loss involved in the decreased yield.

The areas most affected would be the southern half of Manitoba and the southeastern part of Saskatchewan. The line of severe infection extended as far west as Moose Jaw, but Alberta and northwest Saskatchewan were not affected.

Several varieties of high-yielding rust-resistant wheat had now been developed, said Dr. Archibald, and there were about 8,000 or 9,000 bushels of this wheat available for seeding next year. If this quantity could be increased at a normal rate in the next couple of years the most critical aspects of the rust problem would be limited.

## MAKES APPEAL TO STATESMEN OF THE WORLD

London.—An appeal to the world's statesmen, including those of the United States and the Soviet Union, to end imperialism and establish an era of co-operation was made by George Lansbury, Labor leader in the house of commons, in an interview with Havas.

"I would like to see the leading statesmen of the world," Lansbury said, "including Joseph Stalin, Premier Mussolini and the statesmen of the United States and Japan, come together determined to turn out imperialism and enter the sphere of co-operation."

"There is room enough for all, raw material for all, markets enough for all. Let us have common sense enough to share them co-operatively for the advantage of all."

"The whole public opinion of the world stands behind the League of Nations. We agree with France the league has not functioned very well in the past in handling other disputes, but we are also strongly of the opinion it is the only bulwark at present between anarchy and the rule of common sense."

"We are strongly of the opinion if Mussolini needs expansion the goodwill of the league will be exercised to ensure the Italian people get everything it has a right to, while preserving the full rights of the Ethiopian people."

"There should be at the very earliest moment—I wish it were now—a world conference to discuss how we can remove causes which bring about armaments and wars."

"It is sheer folly to go on dealing with effects and leave causes untouched. Though the world's economic resources are enormous, hundreds of millions of people are without the necessities of life."

### Fatal Automobile Crash

Queen Astrid Of Belgium Meets Death In Accident In Switzerland

Lucerne, Switzerland.—Astrid, 29-year-old mother of three children, was fatally injured when thrown from a car Leopold was driving. She died in his arms on the roadside, while a village priest gave extreme unction.

The injury which caused Astrid's death, a fractured skull, was identical to that which killed her father-in-law, King Albert, 18 months ago. A Swedish princess before her marriage in 1926, she retained her beauty in death.

"Her face suffered hardly any disfigurement at all," said Sister Brun, the nurse who prepared the body for burial. "She has a slight bruise under her chin. Otherwise she remains as beautiful in death as she was before the tragedy."

Swiss authorities announced an official inquiry into the accident would be made.

The royal couple were on their way to do some mountain climbing—the same sport in which Albert was killed. The queen was dressed in sport clothes, while Leopold wore an Alpine costume and horned boots.

The queen's skull was fractured when she was thrown from the automobile. The car swerved and struck a tree when Leopold took his eyes from the road to look at a map Astrid was examining.

Moving at 45 miles an hour, the car hit the tree, bounced over an eight-inch curb and rolled over among reeds beside the road in shallow water.

### Frisk Zinnia Bloom

Midale, Sask.—Three small flowers in the centre of a large zinnia bloom is the latest freak flower to be picked from the garden of Mrs. W. Shoppam in Midale. The three small blooms are about half an inch in diameter and the large bloom two inches. All are on the one stem and form one flower.

### War Risk Insurance

London.—War risk insurance was quoted by Lloyds at a 400 per cent. increase. When rates were sought by Scandinavian shippers they were quoted five shillings 10 pence for a summer against war damage compared with the recent rate of two shillings and sixpence for a year, twice the time.

### Danger Of Default

Calgary.—Unless the Alberta or federal governments come to the assistance of the city of Calgary, it will be forced to default, Mayor Andrew Davison advised William Aberhart, Social Credit leader.

## Botany And Food

Neglect of This Study in the General Educational System

Among the sciences that contribute to agricultural and horticultural progress none has closer or more multifarious contacts with practical crop production than botany. If such contacts are apparent only to those most intimately concerned with agricultural research, the reason is to be sought in the comparative neglect of botany in the general educational system, which leaves the average person under the impression that the main function of botany is to give plants long names. The science of knowing plants has inevitably been connected from the earliest times with the art of growing them. Its development in fact can be traced from the "physic gardens" of the Middle Ages to the botanical gardens of later times with a distinguished record of services in the collection, identification and dissemination of useful plants all over the world. Today, botany and botanical research has a direct bearing on every individual of a nation, as is evinced in Canada by the work of the Division of Botany of the Dominion Department of Agriculture both in actual practice and in research. It was against disease in the cereal, fruit, and other food plants, it furnishes the best knowledge available for the extermination of weeds and the conservation of pastures, and ensures the growing of good potatoes by inspection and certification of tubers intended for seed purposes. Working in co-operation with the other branches of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, and in touch with scientists of other countries, its laboratories and its work on stem rust and the production of pure seed are widely known.

### Mystery Voices On Bridge

Alcoves On Old Westminster Carry Sound Very Plainly

A correspondent in a recent number of "The Port of London Authority Monthly," writing in reference to old Westminster Bridge, says: "This earlier structure was disliked by Londoners; more than forty persons in a single year committed suicide from it; and it was alleged that folk heard mysterious whisperings there. 'These mystery voices' arose from the alcoves mentioned. A writer of the 1860's says of these alcoves: 'So just are their proportions, and so complete and uniform their symmetry that, if a person were against the wall on the one side of the way, he may be plainly heard on the opposite side; and parties may converse without being prevented by the interruption of the street or the noise of carriages!'"

### Has Thankless Job

Little Gratitude Shown To Lifesaver In Hungary

Declared to be "the bravest member of the police force," Sergeant Jozef Horvath has received this year's annual monetary reward given by the City of Budapest, Hungary. He has saved 132 persons from drowning in the Danube. Since 1926 Sergeant Horvath has been on duty at St. Margaret's Bridge where he has a small motor-launch. Only two people he saved thanked him, he said. Once a butcher he was trying to pull out of the water wounded him severely with a knife he had brought with him to stop people from hindering his suicide attempt. Another time, a shoemaker, carrying an awl for the same purpose, wounded him in the chest. But Sergeant Horvath expects to save many more lives before he retires.

### Masts For Royal Yacht

Two giant timbers, stated to be masts for a new yacht to be built for His Majesty King George V., have been cut on Grouse Mountain near Lake Cowichan, B.C. One of the timbers is 106 feet long with a 20-inch top. The other is 96 feet long with a 22-inch top. Both are heart-centred at each end, which entitles them to be classified as "mast grade."

### British Housing

While Canada puzzles over the housing problem, Britain seems to have solved it in no uncertain manner. During the first half of the present year no fewer than 167,379 houses have been built in the United Kingdom and of these 149,287 were privately financed. Construction of houses is going forward, we are told, at the rate of 6,500 a week—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Probably the oldest regiment in the world is the Yeomen of the Guard, a British troop responsible for safety of the King of England when he is in St. James Palace. Its history dates back 450 years.



A general view of the casting competitions held by the Ux Valley Casting Club in a lovely section of Glanusk Park, a seat of Lord Glanusk, near Crickhowell, South Wales.

### Perpetual Salad Days

Enticing Dish Now Served All The Year Round

"My salad days! when I was green in judgment, cold in blood!" When Shakespeare wrote these words in his play "Antony and Cleopatra," he not only drew a rich metaphor from the cool and enticing hot-weather item on the menu, but made a sly dig at the probability of youth receiving his "salad" at the sale, or bickering block, established in all the reputable schools of the day. "Avoir de la salade," as the French had it. However that may be, the salad of the twentieth century is an indispensable favor in staid science. With the advance of knowledge, it has outgrown its utility as a hot-weather makeshift and has been, and is, the subject of rivalry between eminent exponents of the culinary art. It has been named for famous chefs, hotels, and even countries. Today the salad is supreme, and the most flattering compliment that can be made to a hostess, be she in log-hut or palace, lies in the simple words "She makes an excellent salad." So, along comes the Dominion Department of Agriculture with its all-embracing aid to the welfare of the nation. There has just been issued from its Publicity and Extension Branch a booklet with the self-explanatory title of "Salads that are different." And they are. There are over 400 recipes for different salads, and all that is wanted is the ingredients which are within the reach of all.

### Not In Armament Business

Government's Stock Of Ross Rifles Not For Sale

The defence department's stock of Ross rifles is not for sale. This announcement has been prompted by the numerous requests received since the Tiao-Tsichouan dispute assumes menacing proportions for the purchase of these arms.

Whether the origin of the offers lies with "gun-runners" seeking an easy profit by transporting the rifles to Ethiopia or not is not known. However, the government is not in the armament business.

### Maple Sugar Production

Subject to revision, the estimated production of maple sugar in Canada in the season of 1933 was 6,538,960 gallons, valued at \$740,145 as compared with 4,950,690 pounds, valued at \$576,450 in 1934. The production of maple syrup is estimated at 2,250,769 gallons, valued at \$2,782,275, compared with 1,838,406 gallons, valued at \$2,464,150, in 1934. The combined total value of the industry is thus \$3,522,420, as compared with \$3,040,600 in 1934, an increase of \$481,820, or 15.8 per cent.

### Wooden Shoes

Ten times as many wooden shoes are being made and sold in Holland now as there were a few years ago. However, it is not the depression driving the Dutch back to the ancient sabots. The wooden shoes are largely sold to the tourists as souvenirs. A few natives still use them to work around the barn or in other jobs.

### The Only Smart One

A farmer had been serving on a jury. The jury was out for what seemed a very long time to decide a minor offense. Afterward the farmer was asked why it took the jury such a long time to come to a decision.

"Well, sir," he said, "there were eleven of the stubbornest men on that jury that I ever saw!"

An expedition headed by Dr. Alfred Wegener found ice in the centre of Greenland more than 1½ miles thick.

### Swarms Of Sea Lions

Huge Herd Of Greedy Ocean Mammals Sighted By Fisheries Department Vessel Off B.C.

Mass all the circuses of the world together and their combined menagerie would offer no spectacle comparable to the display of wild life seen by the Dominion Fisheries Department's vessel Givenshew when it cruised about sea lion rookeries at East Haycock Island and adjacent rocks off the northwest coast of Vancouver Island this summer.

"A rough estimate of the lions and pups on these rocks," says a report made to the department by the Givenshew's master, "would be around 25,000."

The Givenshew came upon this remarkable spectacle when the ship ran out to the Haycocks during a break in the annual seal lion hunt, which is undertaken at the Pearl and Virgin Rocks, off the mainland of British Columbia, with a view to keeping within reasonable limits the number of lions in waters frequented by the salmon fishermen. Sea lions are greedy creatures and wise enough to know that salmon make good fare, and it is for this reason that the Department of Fisheries takes steps each year to curb the size of the herds on the Pearl and Virgin rookeries which are close by the prolific salmon fishing grounds of Rivers and Smiths Inlets. The hunt does not take in the Haycocks, which lie much farther seaward, and is confined to the Virgin and Pearl Rocks.

If the annual hunt were not carried on in the Rivers Inlet area the salmon fishermen there and in adjacent waters would be heavy losers. Not only would a great many salmon be gobbled up but, in addition, there would be a good deal of damage done to fishing gear for sea lions don't bother to swim around grounds of Rivers and Smiths Inlets. The hunt does not take in the Haycocks, which lie much farther seaward, and is confined to the Virgin and Pearl Rocks.

### Goes Without Saying

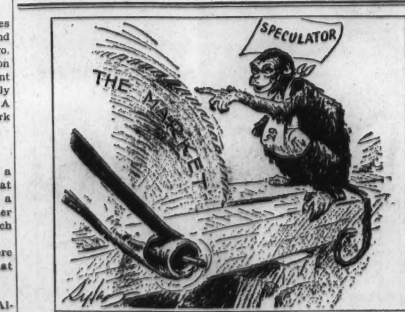
An Irishman had just signed his name in the hotel register, and was called back by the clerk, who pointed out that he had omitted to record his nationality. Taking up the pen he wrote: "Irish, and proud of it."

A Scot guest arrived a few minutes later and, seeing the Irishman's entry, wrote: "Scotch—and fond of it."

Mike: "Why do you call this an enthusiastic stew?"

Mike: "Because the cook put everything he had into it."

The stomach of a hippopotamus will hold four to five bushels of food.



### AT IT AGAIN

—Bykes, in the Philadelphia Evening Public Ledger.

## Having A Good Memory

Is Not A Sign Of Great Intellectual Power

It used to be thought that memory lived exclusively in the brain, but modern science holds that it is a matter of the whole nervous system. "In every nerve cell there is memory," said Dr. Maudsley. In other words, we remember with our bodies as well as our brain. Our hands, for instance, remember how to grasp the knife and fork at meals without conscious thought.

A good memory is a good thing; but it is not a sign of great intellectual power. People of poor mental capacity, and even the definitely feeble-minded, have before now displayed prodigious memories. This has been explained by the fact that, having no capacity for higher thought, their minds are free to grasp and retain details which normal people would forget. As an illustration of this, a newspaper editor hearing a whole page of a newspaper after hearing it read through once.

There are many curious aspects of the business of remembering and forgetting. People with the best memories have said that they are able to call up a visual image of what they want to remember.

A noted blindfold chess-player said that he could see in his mind's eye the different boards on which he was playing a dozen games simultaneously. These mental images changed with every move.

Lord Macaulay, when he was reporting without a mistake passages from a book he had previously read, admitted that he had before his eyes an image of the page and the column containing these passages.

This is akin to what we may venture to call "professional" memory. Just as the chess-player can "see" the boards on which he is conducting various games, the artist retains and calls up at will the image of what he wishes to draw. Dore and Verelst could paint faithful portraits entirely from memory and J. M. W. Turner did even more striking feats.

His friends said that after carefully studying a ship, he would go home and make a drawing of it, with every rope and spar in the right place. The professional musician has a repertoire of hundreds of pieces which he can play correctly without notes.

Just as the eye helps the memory, so does the ear. It is much easier to learn a piece of poetry by repeating it aloud to oneself than by simply reading it silently. The ear, like the eye, has a memory of its own.

To enlarge upon this, Erasmus Darwin and Professor Feuchtersleben agree that people who have been blind for years never dream about seeing, nor do people who have long been deaf ever dream about hearing. One more curious instance of "eye-memory." A famous author confessed that he was hopeless at reading his proofs for printers' errors and so on because, in spite of himself his eye always saw the print as it ought to have been and not as it actually was.

Like all other parts of the system, the memory can suffer from fatigue. Try learning a piece of poetry by heart when you are very tired and the memory fails to retain the lines. After the refreshment of a night's rest, they are easily committed to memory. In the same way an actor learning a part in a hurry for a special performance soon forgets it. A part mastered after several rehearsals sticks in the mind and, what is more, it can be recalled without an effort years afterwards.

### Collected Many Times

Japanese Made Money Creating Accidents and Feigning Injury

When Kameki Shimura, a former school teacher, was apprehended after an alleged accident in Tokyo, Japan, it was disclosed that he had made a living for 14 months by crashing his bicycle into motor vehicles. Feigning injury after an "accident" he would accept \$3 to \$5 compensation on the spot. After running into a taxicab, recently he told the usual story, but a doctor, who happened to be passing, could find no injury, and the taxicab driver refused to pay. The police doctor confirmed this, and the story of the unusual "profession" came out.

### Trade In Clover Seed

Among the several small principalities into which Europe is divided is Latvia. A small trade is carried on with Canada, and last year, according to trade figures between the two countries, this consisted in the sale of exports from Canada almost entirely of clover seed of total value of \$9,249.

Shoe production of the world this year is estimated at 910,000,000 pairs.

## Heavy And Light Soil Drift

Problem Most Serious On The Lighter Type Of Soil

Observations made in Saskatchewan during the summer of 1934 indicate that soil drifting or wind erosion is generally most severe on the very heavy and on the very light soils. Similar observations were made several years ago during the course of the soil survey work. There is, however, a definite tendency during the present period of drought, says Scientific Agriculture, for serious drifting to develop on medium-textured soils formerly classed as relatively non-drifting types. The presence of a high content of humus or decomposed organic matter does not prevent a soil from drifting, as shown by the occurrence of drifting in the black park zone, around Indian Head and Melfort for instance. While the investigations indicate that the problem is most serious on the lighter soil types, the heavier soils also demand attention since they are much more valuable agriculturally. There is no indication that the present tendency of these soils to drift is due to any serious loss in their productive power. The analyses show that the clay loam and the corresponding drifted materials are practically identical in composition. Soil drift from sandy loam is poorer in textural grade and chemical composition than the original soil. Drift from medium textured soils exhibited a similar tendency, the difference between soil and drift are not great. The whole matter of soil drifting, of course, is now under the consideration of the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Committee, directed by the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

### Lightning Hazards

Some Rules To Follow To Be On The Safe Side

Although the chances during a thunderstorm of being struck by lightning are fewer than one in many millions advice on the subject is not to be ignored.

The safest place in a thunderstorm is in the middle of a downstairs room of the house or if one is in the open, in a ditch, away from trees or projections of any sort. It is highly dangerous to stand near telegraph poles or electric standards. These erections carry lightning conductors which tend to attract lightning discharges, and they are designed to earth them. By standing near it the instant a discharge is being earthed one would receive a severe shock.

Never hold anything which would act as a conductor, such as an umbrella or a golf club. The best thing for a golfer to do is to put down his clubs, walk some distance away from them, and then lie full length on the ground.

The ordinary steel-headed club is not particularly dangerous when held in the hand, as the shaft is generally made of wood; but the steel-shafted club would act as conductor if touching the ground.

A motor-car with its rubber tires is a safe place in a storm, because rubber is a non-conductor of electricity. Immediately the tires become wet all over, however, the car is a less safe place.

When indoors it is best to keep away from open windows, open doors, the telephone and the radio and see that the aerial is safely earthed.

### Preferred The Ham

In Chicago many years ago, a testimonial dinner was tendered Israel Zangwill, Britain's foremost writer of non-Aryan tales. Zangwill studied the menu, and then ordered a dish of ham.

The occupants of a nearby table chattered about this spectacle. One of them leaned over to Zangwill, favorably, and asked: "Do you like our Chicago ham?"

"Much better," informed the writer, "than your Chicago tongue."

### Public Damage Trees

The King has threatened to bar the public from the beautiful grounds of his country mansion at Sandringham unless love-shed swains and others cease damaging trees and stonework by carving their initials on his property. This was disclosed by police who prosecuted two vacationers for "indolently damaging" a beech tree on one of the King's favorite walks.

Bread is the most nourishing food, in proportion to its price, according to statistics. Peas, potatoes, butter, cheese, milk, apples, eggs, cod, and beefsteak follow in order.

Germany has developed a substitute for cotton from the Yucca plant.



Enjoy the variety  
of breads it is easy  
to make with  
**ROYAL  
YEAST CAKES**



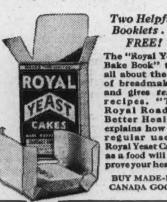
Graham Bread is both wholesome  
and delicious. See page 8 of the  
Royal Yeast Cake Book.

For breakfast or lunch this Tea  
Ring is always welcome. Recipe  
on page 9, Royal Yeast Cake Book.



This buttery Dutch Apple Cake is  
a special treat! Recipe in Royal  
Yeast Cake Book, page 13.

**YEAST** must be in perfect condition if it is to leaven properly. That's why every Royal Yeast Cake comes to you individually protected by an airtight wrapping. You can depend on these famous yeast cakes for full leavening power every time. Keep a package handy in your kitchen.



**Two Helpful Booklets . . . FREE!**  
The "Royal Yeast Cake Book" tells all about the art of breadmaking and gives tested recipes. "The Royal Road to Better Health" explains how the regular use of Royal Yeast Cakes as a food will improve your health. BUY MADE-IN-CANADA GOODS

**STANDARD BRANDS LIMITED**  
Front Ave., and Liberty St., Toronto, Ont.  
Please send me, free, the "Royal Yeast Cake Book" and "The Royal Road to Better Health."

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Street \_\_\_\_\_  
Town \_\_\_\_\_ Prov. \_\_\_\_\_

### This Robin Was Clever

Called Man To Help Rescue Male From Snake

The story of a robin which called a man to rescue its mate from the jaws of a snake was told Friday. George Swan, attracted by a bird screaming and flapping against the back door of his home, went to investigate. The robin flew away as he approached, appearing to call him on, and Swan followed. It led him to the end of the garden circling close to the fence, calling loudly. There in the grass Swan saw a snake with another robin in its mouth. He killed the three-foot reptile with a stick and the two birds flew away together.

One of the most important of all the factors bringing about the alteration of prosperity and depression, says the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, is the output and value of agricultural products. In a country such as Canada, where agriculture occupies a large place among the economic activities of the nation, the crop yields cannot but affect the general business.

## MISS ALADDIN

—By—  
Christine Whiting Farmer  
Author Of  
"One Wide River To Cross"  
"The Unknown Part," Etc.

### SYNOPSIS

Nancy Nelson is a sub-deb, a gay, irresponsible girl of nineteen, with no care beyond the choice of her costume for her coming-out party. Suddenly, in the market crash, her indulgent father loses all he had, and his family is faced with the necessity of a simpler method of living. At this juncture a letter is received from an eccentric relative in Colorado, who offers the girl a home on what seems to be impossible conditions.

After much consideration Cousin Columbine's offer is accepted, and Nancy and Jack arrive at Pine Ridge. Nancy set out one afternoon to climb to the top of a hill so as to obtain a view of the surrounding landscape and misses the path Aurora Tubbs had told her to follow. A truck comes along the road, driven by Matthew Adams, and she asks him which way to go. They ascend the hill, look around, and then go on to Cousin Columbine's. There Mark Adam tells Nancy that his brother Luke has broken his leg, and that Jack Nelson has been hired to help out while Luke's leg gets better. With Jack away, Nancy finds that she is lonesome, and having no books to read, the idea of starting a public library at Pine Ridge seems a good one, and Nancy writes home to get her parents to send all the books they could spare and all they could induce others to lend her.

Nancy and Matthew Adam go Christmas shopping in a neighboring town. On their return to Pine Ridge, Nancy is amazed to see the Columbine residence all lit up, and asks Matthew if he knows why. He said: "Let's go in and see. Then Nancy learns that she is having her debut, but in a different setting than had been planned for her in Boston.

Nancy's parents and friends gave their liberal support to her request for books, and a sizeable box arrived in due course. Father Adam painted a sign for the library, and the Adam boys worked on the shelves for the books and decorations to make the room look presentable.

Now Go On With The Story

### CHAPTER XV.—Continued

To the natives of Pine Ridge the Aladdin Library seemed wonderful enough as it was. "And how every one of those blessed Adams had worked!" thought Nancy with gratitude. Father Adam's neat lettering adorned more than three hundred books which Juanita and Mary Taylor had helped her cover with brown paper. They had had fun over it, too. Some of the work was done on the two evenings when Jack and the Adam boys had joined them, as well as a good-looking forest ranger who appeared at church one Sunday, and had contrived to appear at the Nelson mansion at frequent intervals ever since.

Mother Adam made and donated cretonne hangings for the windows. Matthew and Mark had built the shelves: low shelves which girdled the whole room, made from lumber they "just found lying around the place." In the end of the room, busy at school, appeared one week-end with a dozen books; and Luke painted four chairs found in the schoolhouse. Transformed a cheerful Chinese red, these proved such a success that he insisted on painting them "dark" as well, and a table for magazines found in Aurora's cellar; while his mother sacrificed a wicker porch chair, cushioned to match the hangings at the window.

"This place would be almost cozy if it weren't for the bare walls," said Mary Taylor. "But don't you mention the lack of pictures before Juanita. No knowing what impossible contribution she might bring in!"

Nancy smiled, and answered: "I'll forage in Cousin Columbine's attic. I saw an old engraving of Lincoln up there the other day."

There was also one of George Washington; and Mary appeared that afternoon with what she said her mother called "a yard of authors"; photographs of the New England poets framed in oak.

Eve Adams laughed when she saw this offering.

"It brings things back, Nancy. Stored in our attic is a yard of roses; and we had a yard of kittens in the nursery. That idea used to be all the rage."

"Gee, Mum! I remember those kittens!" This was Mark pausing as he adjusted a crooked window shade. They had blue ribbons round their necks and extraordinarily long whiskers! But these are good photographs, Nancy. They'll add a literary touch to our decorations."

No wonder Nancy felt a thrill of pride at the result of her planning! Out of what a few short weeks before had been a bare and useless room, had blossomed this cheery

little place; and already the people of the village were asking if it couldn't be opened every night. "Ten days ago they had had their 'house-warming' with hot chocolate and doughnuts for refreshments—a party which even Victor Tubbs had roused himself sufficiently to attend!"

This had been on a Saturday, and the minister who conducted services in the Pine Ridge church twice every month, arrived in time to make a speech. Nancy hadn't counted on that; but it was a good speech and she liked the minister despite the fact that he referred to her as "our dear young benefactor." Indeed, at this point in his address, Jack had been stricken with an attack of coughing, and at least four Adams had winked in her direction; while the sophisticated Nancy Nelson had felt her ears grow scarlet with confusion.

Nancy smiled at the memory. She was feeling particularly happy that afternoon for good news had arrived from home. Dad was making a new start with a splendid firm, and had been offered an unexpectedly good price for the city house.

"In some ways it's a wrench to give it up," wrote her mother, "but we can't lose this clarity; and in any case we shall stay in Edgemore for several years. Phil loves his school; and I am loving the life of a country town again. It's such a joy to see your father his cheerful self once more. These summer months have brought him some grey hairs; but he's happy and interested now, and wondering if you're not almost ready to come home. . . ."

Home! The girl drew a long, long breath. It would be wonderful to see Dad and Mother and Phil and the aunts, and all the old crowd of course; but Cousin Columbine was going to miss her frightfully. And she couldn't leave until the library was running smoothly and she found somebody to fill her place.

Nancy leaned forward, lifting a child's bank which was placed on her desk for voluntary contributions, and smiled as a reassuring rattle met her ears. The first donation had come from a small girl who said, as she dropped in a shining penny "I'll help your library, Miss Aladdin." Nothing had ever pleased Nancy half so much as this innocent mistake in her identity. Matthew Adam, who overheard it had thrown her a smile of appreciative understanding; while his father was so delighted with the appellation that he'd addressed her as Miss Aladdin ever since.

The bank had flourished. Yesterday Juanita had contributed the price of three confession magazines, and was really enjoying some of the novels. Two boys from a nearby ranch whom Nancy had supposed little better than morons, were devouring good travel books; and the wife of a health-seeker two miles back of the village, told Nancy with tears in her eyes that it seemed "like heaven" to have something to read again.

"And to think," said Cousin Columbine when the girl recounted this pathetic incident, "that he been too thoughtless to look up those people and see their needs. But so many sick folks come and go that we take them too much for granted. I'm ashamed of myself. No wonder they call you Miss Aladdin!"

Steps sounded without, and Nancy glanced up. It was not yet two o'clock, but someone was coming. Then the door swung back to admit her brother and Matthew Adam. Luke was about again now; and Jack was job hunting.

"Any luck?" asked Nancy, as the boys drew up two gay red chairs.

Matthew nodded. "Your kid brother seems to profit by the misfortunes of others. Luke breaks a leg, and Jack gets his job. And now my Uncle Tom (Mother's brother, who has a ranch out on the plains), is down with flu along with two of his men, and has sent an S.O.S. for one of us fellows to help them out. Mark's drawn the unlucky number, and Jack's going back to the ranch again to take his place."

"Well," said Nancy. "I'm sorry to have Mark go, of course, but it's marvelous for Jack; and sometimes there are complications after flu!"

"A lot of sympathy you have for Uncle Tom," grinned Matthew.

Nancy laughed. "I was merely wondering how long the job would last. Time goes so rapidly; and some day we've got to turn our faces to the East, you know."

Jack said nothing; and suddenly Matt's color rose.

"Why—you're not leaving us this spring, are you? I—I mean Miss Columbine said you'd stay a year!"

"I know; but such a thought never entered our heads. Matt and new Dad's made another start. I'm pretty sure they'll want us to come home. Not that I don't dread leaving Cousin

Columbine. I'm awfully afraid she's going to miss us."

Jack, still silent, arose and went over to a window. Matthew sat looking into space. "Some—some of the rest of us will miss you too, Vase," he said surprisingly. "There's Mother and—and—"

Nancy laughed outright, and asked, eyes lighted with merriment: "Why spoil a pretty speech like that, Matt?"

"Spoil it?"

Jack came back, grinning, and slumped into the cushioned chair.

"She means, old man, that this was no time to mention Mother! Honest, Nancy, have we got to go home this spring?"

"You don't want to?" questioned his sister.

"Do you?" he countered.

The girl was silent, looking down at the toe of Matthew's boot. "I don't know, exactly," she said at last. "I'm crazy to see every one at home, of course; though I'd rather stay here through the summer. But I wonder if Cousin Columbine won't miss us even more if we leave her in the fall. Spring's a cheerful time of year, you know; and she's getting old."

It was Matthew's turn to stand at the window, from which safe retreat he said over his shoulder: "You're going to leave a big hole in Pine Ridge, folks."

"Well," observed Jack, "we haven't gone yet, feller; and don't they tell us that it's better to have loved and lost than never to have loved at all?"

He laughed, but Matt, still gazing at Pike's Peak, responded soberly: "Whoever wrote that bunk was feeble-minded," and added, moving toward the door, eyes turned discreetly away from Miss Aladdin: "Come on, Jack, we must get going. Mark'll drop in to-morrow to say good-bye. Nancy, Luke's driving him to the Springs where somebody from Prairie Ranch will pick him up. He says he feels as if he were sentenced to Siberia, though it's the first time he hasn't jumped at the chance of going to Uncle Tom's! I—I wonder why."

Nancy smiled at this subtle comment, and went to the door to watch the boys depart. There was a glimpse of the plains from her little porch, and as they lingered a moment the girl asked, her eyes on that undulating vista: "Does your uncle live right on the prairie, Matt?"

The young man nodded. "Sixty miles out, in a big rambling ranch house surrounded by cottonwoods—a bully place. Those plains are wonderful, Nancy, and sometimes treacherous, too. We'll take you out after the weather's settled. No knowing what thrilling adventures we may have!"

Light words. Matt little thought that only a few weeks later they would come back to him during long, tragic hours which none of them was ever to forget.

(To Be Continued)

### Joins Gallery Of Fame

Man Who Sold Mauretanian's Furnishings Had Voice Recorded

A record of the auctioneer's voice was made during the sale of the Mauretanian's furnishings, and will be stored away for the benefit of posterity in the Gallery of Famous Voices and Famous Occasions in Broadcast House in London. The auctioneer's voice will keep company with those of Britain's greatest men and women, from the King and Queen down.

Meat packing, the nation's largest industry from the standpoint of the value of its products, is employing 16 per cent. more persons on a pay roll 38 per cent. larger than a year ago.

Tuberculosis causes more deaths between the ages of 14 and 46 years than any other disease.

### Place Of Historic Interest

Fort Churchill Eloquent With Stories of Courage and Disaster

The other day Fort Churchill, Canada's northern port on the Hudson Bay and the prairie's back door to the salt seas, was celebrating the opening of its shipping season. As a public issue the development of Churchill has been almost talked out. It was ridiculed and bitterly attacked when the rails were being laid and the grain terminals were under construction. But as a place of historic interest it has great significance and fascination.

For more than three hundred years ships have sailed into the Hudson Bay from the ports of Great Britain and Europe. Into it came the early explorers in their search for the northwest passage to the Orient and Cathay. By this route the first live stock and the first plane ever brought to the opening vessel were freighted by sturdy sailing vessels.

And at Churchill English and French held forts now crumbled into ruins. Here the Danish explorer, Munk, in the early part of the seventeenth century, survived a bitter winter in which most of his companions perished. Many decades later, in 1812, the gallant Selkirk settlers struggled with their native enemies of the port; held their chins high through a steady test of cold before they could start on the trek to their new homes in the south. Churchill is eloquent with stories of courage, treachery and disaster.

The sub-Arctic holds its lure to the adventurous to this day. The annals of this new Canadian port may still remind us of the determination of the pioneer explorers and settlers to break the hostile barriers of nature in a new land—Hamilton Spectator.

### The Anthony Eden Touch

London Bussman Made German Passenger Feel At Home

Whether London "Transport" is aware of it or not, at least one of its staff possesses the Anthony Eden touch.

On a west-bound 19 bus a young German seated in front of me tendered his money with the word "Piccadilly." The conductor asked which end of Piccadilly he meant, but the passenger's English was limited to the one word "Piccadilly."

Thereupon the conductor broke into fluent German, and the matter was adjusted very interestingly, for they moved to a seat beside the door, and a long conversation, glowing with international amity, followed.

They parted with effusive Auf Wiedersehen.—London Daily Sketch.

### Egyptian Shorthand

Papers Recently Discovered Show System Many Centuries Old

Three pieces of ancient Egyptian "paper" were discovered not long ago. On them were marks which were proved very interesting, for they were clearly a system of shorthand many centuries old. Actually these treasures dated from the third century A.D. and there could be no doubt about them, for there was a perfectly good longhand "translation" given with the shorthand signs. It was this last fact which made the documents most interesting, for it gave the key to other manuscripts which until then had been mysteries that nobody was able to explain.

In Trinidad, West Indies, whence much of the grapefruit comes to Canada, the planters have to depend solely on rainfall. Grapefruit grown in the United States in California and Florida; in Palestine in Asia, and in Rhodesia, South Africa is produced under controlled irrigation.

During the last 10 years, a total of 22,000 earthquakes has been recorded in Japan.

## WILSON'S

**FLY PADS**

### REALLY KILL

One pad kills flies all day and every day for 2 or 3 weeks. 3 pads in each packet. No spraying, no stickiness, no bad odor. Ask your Druggist, Grocery or General Store.

10 CENTS PER PACKET  
WHY PAY MORE?  
THE WILSON FLY PAD CO., Hamilton, Ont.

### Little Helps For This Week

The Lord shall give thee rest from thy sorrow and from thy fear, and from the hard bondage wherein thou wast made to serve. . . . Isaiah 14:3.

Today beneath thy chastening eye, I crave alone for peace and rest; Submissive in Thy hand to lie, And feel that it is best.

O Lord, who art as a shadow of a great rock in a weary land, who beholdest Thy weak creatures weary of labor, weary of pleasure, weary of hope deferred, weary of self; in Thine abundant compassion and unutterable tenderness, bring us unto Thy rest.

Thou hast made us for Thyself, and our heart is restless until it rests in Thee. Grant to us above all things that can be desired, to rest in Thee, to have our hearts at peace. Thou art the true peace of the heart, Thou only art in Thee. In this very peace that is in Thee, the one Chiefest Eternal Good, we will sleep and rest.

### Demand For Maps

Search For New Mineral Deposits Calls For Detailed Information

A marked increase in the demand for maps, among prospectors, sportsmen, foresters, engineers, and other classes, is reported by the Topographical and Air Survey Bureau of the Department of the Interior. During the last fiscal year 50,000 copies were distributed by the bureau. In comparison with approximately 70,000 during the preceding year.

The intensive search for new mineral deposits during the year was an important factor in the increase, while the desire of sportsmen to secure detailed maps of an area, when planning fishing, hunting or canoe trips, had a marked tendency to further increase the demand. The fact that a great many of the maps of the bureau are made from photographs taken from the air, thus ensuring a completeness of detail that does not prevail in the case of the older maps, also contributed to the increase.

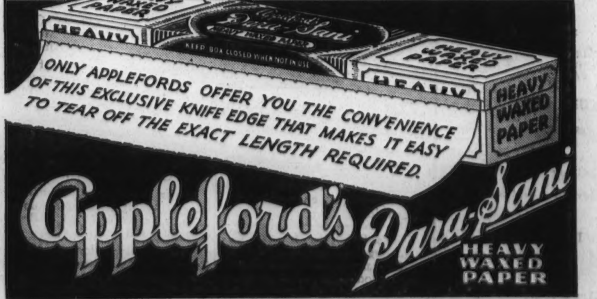
A total of seventy-two maps of different districts throughout Canada are in course of preparation by the bureau and many of the areas being covered give promise of early mineral or other development.

A catalogue of the 1000 or more maps at present available has been published and copies may be obtained, without charge, upon application to the Surveyor General, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

### Turkish Law For Men

Compels Them To Wear Hats With Brims

If being allowed to wear what you like is a symbol of freedom in general, Turkish women are distinctly freer than Turkish men. The men today are compelled by law to wear hats with brims. The brim is to prevent him from touching the ground with his forehead, as religious custom prescribes, when he is saying prayers. The women may wear what they choose.



Warehouses At Calgary, Edmonton, Regina and Winnipeg

## W. A. HURT

**Welding**  
Portable Machine  
Satisfaction  
Guaranteed  
John Deere  
Cockshutt Farm Implements  
Elephant Brand Fertilizer.

**Dr. S. H. McClelland**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
Honorary Graduate Ontario Veterinary College  
Phone 49 - Crossfield

**Council Meetings**  
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.  
By Order of the Village Council.  
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

**Canadian Legion B.E.S.L.**  
Crossfield Branch  
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Masonic Hall at 8 p.m.

Visiting Comrades Welcome.  
F. MOSSOP, R. D. SUTHERLAND  
President Secretary

**HUTTON'S FOR MAGNETO, GENERATOR, Starter Repairs, Batteries**  
Parts for all magneto, Distributors of American and Robert Bosch, Eisemann Wico Magneto. Everything electric for car and tractor—Hutton's Electric 131 - 11th Avenue West, Calgary. Phone MS595—Res. M9026

## Classified Advertisements

**FOR SALE**—\$200 Credit Note on Ford Car. Reduced price.  
D. W. Carmichael  
Phone 53 or 8

**NOTICE**—Anyone taking sand or gravel out of our pit without permission will be prosecuted.  
D. B. BILLS & SON

**FOR SALE**—Rhinbarb, 1 and a 1-2 cents per lb. Apply to  
Mrs. Blough

**FOR SALE**—8 ft. McCormick Binder in good condition. Apply to  
W. Tweedale, Crossfield

**WANTED**—Work with binder and four horses.  
Chas. Nelson  
2 Miles North of Town

**LOST**—One riding bike in vicinity of Crossfield. Phone R203  
Kenneth McTavish

**DENTIST**  
**DR. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,**  
218a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary

**All kinds of TINSMITHING WORK**  
**J. L. McRory**  
CROSSFIELD, Alberta

**Watch and Clock Repairing**—We are agents for Calgary's leading jewelers and can give you good service.—The Chronicle office.

## 3 YEARS TO PAY

INTEREST 6 per cent.

**Purchase Livestock**

through

**DOMINION AGRICULTURAL CREDIT CO., LTD.**

23 CANADA LIFE BLDG.

REGINA, SASK.

Write for Information

Agent - T. TREDAWAY

## BARGAIN

CENT - A - MILE

**TRIP**

TO

CALGARY

ROUND TRIP FARE

**.65**

From Crossfield

Low fares from other stations.

Good Going September 13-14

Returns until September 16

GOOD IN COACHES ONLY

No Baggage Checked.

Apply Ticket Agent,

**CANADIAN PACIFIC**

## The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907  
W. H. Miller, Editor

Subscription \$1.50 per year in Canada.

Advertising Rates

Classified Ads.....35c.....4 times \$1.00

Local Ads., per line.....12c

Obituaries.....10c

Notices of entertainments, lectures, teas, etc., where an admission fee is charged, 10c per line.

Crossfield Alberta.

Thursday, Sept 5th, 1935

## Local News

Len Pullan of Calgary is renewing acquaintances in town.

Len Christmas has rented the McLeod residence and moved in on Saturday.

Dr. and Mrs. S. H. McClelland have moved into their new home on Hammond Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Heworth and Helen, who have been spending a vacation here, the guests of Mrs. Heworth's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willis, left for their home at Bonners Ferry, Idaho on Sunday.

Mrs. Chas. Weber received word on Saturday of the sudden death of her mother at Armstrong, B.C. Mrs. Weber left on Sunday to attend the funeral.

Mrs. J. Bell and daughter of Vernon, B.C. are visiting her mother, Mrs. Chas. Weber.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Fleming and family returned on Sunday from Gull Lake where they have been holidaying.

Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist and daughters, Jean, Gladys and Lois, who have been visiting her for the past week, left on Sunday for their home at Barons, Alberta.

Miss Alice Bliss of Calgary is visiting her grandmother, Mrs. Garwood.

Mrs. Garwood returned last week-end from Banff where she had spent a vacation.

Harley Walsh, champion bronk rider of Canada, was a visitor in town Tuesday. Harley has spent most of the summer at his home in the Madden district, following a leg injury at the Calgary Stampede.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Bils were visitors to the city Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim McCool were Calgary visitors Saturday.

Miss Mable Edmondson of Carstairs is teaching at Sunshine for the coming term.

Miss Catherine Laut had her guest over the weekend Miss Winnie Donison of Calgary.

Cranberries must be plentiful at Whitecourt, Geo. Kenzie shipped down 450 lbs on Saturday.

A very quiet charivari was held for Mr. and Mrs. William Bayles on Friday night.

Mrs. J. Belshaw and children were visitors in Calgary Saturday.

Get your threshers line notes and time books at the Chronicle office.

Hank Severt left on Saturday to spend a few days in Calgary. Hank celebrated his 76th birthday on Tuesday and wanted to be handy to the vendor's store in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McCool and Miss Stella Gordon who have been holidaying at Gull Lake for the past week returned home Sunday.

John Chalmers is painting the interior of Pogue's barber shop and pool room.

Ronnie McFadyen who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. McFadyen for the past month returned to Vancouver Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Oldacre and children of Calgary were visitors at the home of the former's sister Mrs. D. J. McFadyen on Labor Day.

Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Sutherland were visitors in the Didsbury district on Sunday.

Mrs. G. Y. McLean and daughter, Audrey returned on Monday from Mannynberies, where they have been visiting Mrs. McLean's parents.

Wm. McNeil of Wayne is the new bartender at the Oliver Hotel.

Adam Cruickshank, Glen Williams and Wm. McNeil were golfing at Bonness Park, Calgary on Sunday. They competed for the heavyweight championship of Crossfield.

Don's Senoritas and the Carstairs Regals battled to a 17-17 tie at Carstairs Saturday evening. It was good game with plenty of excitement.

Crossfield—M. Fitzpatrick & Co. Murdoch p. Grace Williams 1b. V. Pogue 2b. C. Hall, ss. Genevieve Metheral 3b. M. Cameron of P. Cruickshank, cf. Mildred Metheral lf.

Umpire—Stanley Pogue.

## INVERLEA ITEMS

Arthur Fenwick who underwent an operation for a appendicitis recently, is getting along nicely and will soon be able to leave the hospital.

Miss Alice Collicott has left to take up her duties as teacher of Roselund school in the Didsbury district.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Baxter and small son Roy of Freeman River are visiting Mrs. Baxter's mother, Mrs. W. D. Fraser. Mr. Baxter is assisting with the harvest. His crop was so badly damaged by the hard frost which devastated Northern Alberta crops about three weeks ago that he will have no threshing grain although he expects to have feed.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Fraser and family and Roger Wilson have returned to Calgary for the opening of school.

Inverlea school opened Monday morning with Miss Margaret Murdoch again in charge.

Cutting is general in the district, mostly barley.

## Municipal District of Rosebud

No. 280

The Council of the Municipal District of Rosebud No. 280 have purchased a new Emerson 3 cylinder Cleaner for the purpose of improving the quality of seed grain or commercial grain in the district.

Those desiring to have their grain properly cleaned please communicate with A. Anderson, Crossfield. Grain will be cleaned at the following rates:

500 bushels or under 2-12c bus.

1000 bushels or under 2c per bus.

Over 1000 bushels 1-2c per bus.

## To The Electors of

## Cochrane Constituency

I would like to take this opportunity to thank the Electors of the Cochrane Constituency for the honor and privilege of being their representative in the Alberta Legislature for the past nine years. I have devoted my full time sincerely and conscientiously to the interests of this constituency and the people of the Province as a whole, and feel greatly rewarded by the many kind tributes paid to me for my services and the number of sincere friends I have made.

I also wish to sincerely thank all our workers and supporters during the recent campaign for the loyal and untiring efforts they put forward. We were defeated but not discouraged.

To my successor Mr. King I offer congratulations and while I still think the policies as advocated by his leader are impossible of fulfillment yet for the good of the people of the Province I sincerely hope he succeeds. Time alone will decide right from wrong.

Yours very truly,

R. M. McCool.

I SAW—G. Y. McLean wearing a large smile. Culver Calhoun all decked out in a derby hat and accessories on Sunday. Tom Tredaway installing a very attractive electric sign in his window. Laughing Dick on his way to Calgary to have a tooth pulled. Jimmy Dickson with his protégé "Peg". Archie McFadyen and Jack Masie going hammer and tongs on Social Credit. Harry Fitzpatrick giving out free scribbles to the school children.

## Line Elevators

## Reduce Storage

## Rates on Grain

Line country elevators and terminal companies have filed tariffs with the Board of Grain Commissioners providing for a reduction in storage rates from one third to one fourth of one cent per bushel per day. This reduced rate became effective September 1st, 1935.

Hon. Hugh Allan of Grand Prairie was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. McCool on Wednesday.

Mayor Andrew Davison of Calgary was renewing acquaintances in town Saturday afternoon. Andy will carry the Conservative banner in the Federal constituency of Bow River.

It is estimated that 40 to 50 per cent of the cutting has been done in the Crossfield district.

Mayor Wood has commenced the erection of a garage adjoining his new Service Station. Carl Becker is doing the work.

Miss Clara Gordon, R. N. of Cranbrook, B. C. spent the weekend in town the guest of her aunt, Mrs. F. Purvis.

Sir Malcolm Campbell, British land speed ace, averaged a speed of 301.33 miles per hour in his 6000 Bluebird on the Salt Lake Flats, Utah, last Tuesday.

## Richardson Denounces False

## 40c Wheat Production Cost

## Figures Attributed To Him

## Deliberate Attempt Made to Mislead Public Concerning

## James Richardson's Evidence Before Wheat Board Committee

## Advocates Profitable Price to Farmer

Certain farm agitators and propagandists have been attempting for some years to inflame the public mind against the Grain Trade and those associated with it. The methods have been to issue unfair propaganda and to place a false and unfounded interpretation upon what the crop of the wheat whose views differ from their own. A glaring example of the sort of propaganda referred to is cited below, and must meet with the strong disapproval of fair minded farmers in Western Canada.

Mr. James A. Richardson, President of James Richardson and Sons Limited on June 21st and June 24th, 1935 appeared at Ottawa before a Special Committee of the House of Commons hearing representations in connection with the Canadian Wheat Board Bill.

Following presentation of the Committee of his statement covering various phases of the Canadian Grain Trade, Mr. Richardson was examined by the Prime Minister, the Right Honorable R. B. Bennett. In the course of this questioning a discussion took place concerning the cost of producing wheat in Western Canada. The evidence and examination of Mr. Richardson required by the Prime Minister is set out in the following pages of evidence containing more than 45,000 words. The excerpt from the Prime Minister's report on the proceedings dealing with the discussion on cost of producing wheat reads as follows:

"Right Honorable R. B. Bennett:—Now, Mr. Richardson, how much do you think the farmer should be paid for his wheat in order to break even? You have had a large experience in all branches of the business, how much should he have, not to make a profit but just to break even?"

James A. Richardson:—"Well, I have heard farmers say if they had a fair crop wheat and got 40 cents on the farm they could get by; they would not be making any money, but just to break even."

Mr. Bennett:—"Forty cents on the farm?"

Mr. Richardson:—"Yes." Mr. Bennett:—"In Alberta that would mean what price on the market for No. 1 Northern?"

Mr. Richardson:—"Well, I would say the No. 1."

Mr. Bennett:—"No. 1 at forty cents on the farm?"

Mr. Richardson:—"I suppose forty cents would be high in connection with all that he had."

Mr. Bennett:—"I see what you mean. You mean that the farmer being so would the price be high on the market for that sort of wheat?"

Mr. Richardson:—"Well 15 cents a bushel would be high, it would be a top freight."

Mr. Bennett:—"That is the top freight, isn't it?"

Mr. Richardson:—"Yes, sir, 12 cents average freight."

Mr. Bennett:—"So that to the people in the country it should be 55 cents; you think that would be a satisfactory figure for the farmer?"

Mr. Richardson:—"No, sir, I do not; I want to see the farmer get at least as high a price as we could sell his wheat for in the markets."

Mr. Bennett:—"I am not satisfied to indicate any price, other than the best price we can possibly get for him."

Mr. Richardson:—"You see, what has been suggested by one of the witnesses is that the government should establish a minimum price and if wheat went below that price it should be subject to subsidy assistance."

The Chairman of the Committee said that the government should be prepared to accept for their wheat.

## Election Aftermath

In this constituency the four candidates are to be congratulated for the clean manner in which they fought the campaign, no mud slinging of any description was indulged in.

R. M. McCool local member for the past nine years, who has given this constituency good service was not accorded the support that was accorded to him, but the people have spoken.

We wish the new Government every success in putting into effect their many proposals and promises.

## United Church Services

Sunday, September, 8th.  
Morning Worship—9:00 a.m.  
Lenten Public Worship—3:00 p.m.  
Crossfield—Sunday School—11:15 a.m.  
Crossfield—Lenten Service—7:30 p.m.

A hearty welcome to all.  
Rev. E. Longmire, Minister

## Church of the Ascension

Anglican.  
Sunday, September, 8th.  
Holy Communion 11:00 a.m. A. D. Currie.

Canadian Pacific train No. 1 stricking a gasoline laden truck at a crossing, 104 miles west of Fort William on Sunday. The gasoline caught fire, covered the engine cab and truck and the engineer, fireman and truck driver perished.

Reverend James, well known farmer of the Carstairs district, passed away in a Calgary hospital today.

Similar misleading reports have appeared in newspaper organs published by Post Grain raising organizations and misleading statements to the same effect have been circulated and repeated throughout the country.

The Wheat Board Bill as originally introduced in Parliament made no provision for a guaranteed minimum price to the farmer. The producer was to get an initial payment and a participation certificate similar to the method followed under the wheat board of 1919. Mr. Richardson advocated that the farmer be given a guaranteed fixed minimum price. The bill was subsequently amended by the committee to provide for this proposed fixed minimum price to the farmer. In the course of his evidence dealing with the need of assisting in obtaining a fair price for the producer Mr. Richardson said:

"If our Government wants to give our farmers financial assistance under existing conditions (and I would certainly like to see them do it), then there are several ways that this can be done. I consider it is possible to assume on the part of the government a fixed price, but still to permit an open market, so that if our market declined below a fixed price the farmer would get a certificate from the elevator company entitling him to collect the difference between the fixed price and what the market actually realized. The farmer might, on the other hand, if thought advisable be paid a direct subsidy. It is a government problem as to how this matter may best be met, but it must be accepted as a fact, that the foreign buyer will continue to buy wherever he can buy the most with his money, and that it will take full advantage of depreciated currencies in certain parts of the world, and it is quite possible that it will be used to subsidize citizens of other countries."

I would rather like to see the farmer assured of a fixed minimum price, than Mr. Bennett's "You have had some thing to do with farms, haven't you?"

Mr. Richardson:—"Yes, sir." Mr. Bennett:—"My information is that you have operated farms?"

Mr. Richardson:—"Yes, sir." Mr. Bennett:—"Did you ever produce any wheat at 40 cents a bushel?"

Mr. Richardson:—"Well, I am a course grain grower myself, I could tell you more about what it costs to feed hogs and steers."

Mr. Bennett:—"But you have your own wheat?"

Mr. Richardson:—"I could not tell you what it costs to grow it, but I am sure it was a big price."

Mr. Bennett:—"Would it be more than 40 cents?"

Mr. Richardson:—"I could not tell you what it is because I have never calculated it."

Mr. Bennett:—"I see."

Mr. Richardson:—"I am sure that if I took interest on the money invested in my farm and everything else into consideration the figure would be high."

It will readily be seen that a price of 40 cents per bushel, plus freight, bringing the price to 55 cents per bushel was neither advocated nor stated as a fair price by Mr. Richardson. He advocated that the Government should take steps to regain and extend the market for Canadian wheat, and that governmental assistance be extended to farmers under existing conditions and prevailing world prices.

By extracting a single sentence from more than 45,000 words dealing with Mr. Richardson's evidence, an attempt has been made, by those who are not concerned in placing the truth before the farmers, to make it appear that Mr. Richardson was advocating a price of 40 cents per bushel for the wheat to the farmers of Western Canada. It will be clear from the foregoing evidence that Mr. Richardson did not in any sense advocate 40 cent wheat. Nevertheless the misleading information was issued by the Alberta Wheat Pool in their weekly Budget of News to the Weekly Newspapers of Alberta in an attempt to mislead the farmer into believing that Mr. Richardson considered 40 cents as being a price basis which our Canadian farmers should be prepared to accept for their wheat.

Restoration of wheat prices to a profitable level to the producer and the sale of Canadian wheat, rather than its storage in the bins of Canada are the end to which Mr. Richardson has worked and will continue to work. Mr. Richardson, operating in the handling and exporting end of the Canadian grain business, has the interest of the Canadian farmer much more to heart than those who have caused loss of markets for Canadian wheat and who now seek to bury their folly by spreading false and malicious statements concerning the grain trade and those engaged in the grain business in the hope of causing elimination of sound competition.

In view of the quotations of the exact words used by Mr. Richardson before the Committee, we believe we can rely upon every fair minded farmer to condemn the untrue statements that have been made and the unfair inferences that have been drawn. — JAMES RICHARDSON & SONS LIMITED—Advt.

## School Supplies

Exercise Books, 10 for - - - 25c

Map Drawing Books - - - 10c

Portfolios to keep your drawing in - 10c

Highroads Dictionary - - - 50c

Mathematic Instruments - - - 60c

Loose Leaf Binders - - - 25c

Reeves Paints - - - 50c

Imperial Paints - - - 35c

Wax and Chalk Crayons, Erasers, Penholders, Fountain Pens, Pencils, Scribblers, Inks, Drawing Pads, Wax Paper for school lunches, etc.

Fancy Boxed Stationery - - - 25c, 35c, 50c

Counter Check Books - - - 10c

Official Envelopes, large sizes - - - 25c and 40c

Receipt Books in duplicate - - - 25c

## Chronicle Stationery Store

Stationery and School Supplies